

west virginia department of environmental protection

Office of Oil and Gas 601 57th Street, S.E. Charleston, WV 25304 (304) 926-0450 fax: (304) 926-0452

Austin Caperton, Cabinet Secretary www.dep.wv.gov

Wednesday, April 25, 2018
WELL WORK PLUGGING PERMIT
Coal Bed Methane Well Plugging

CNX GAS COMPANY LLC POST OFFICE BOX 1248

JANE LEW, WV 263786506

Re: Permit approval for MC50 47-051-01057-00-00

This well work permit is evidence of permission granted to perform the specified well work at the location described on the attached pages and located on the attached plat, subject to the provisions of Chapter 22 of the West Virginia Code of 1931, as amended, and all rules and regulations promulgated thereunder, and to any additional specific conditions and provisions outlined in the pages attached hereto. Notification shall be given by the operator to the Oil and Gas Inspector at least 24 hours prior to the construction of roads, locations, and/or pits for any permitted work. In addition, the well operator shall notify the same inspector 24 hours before any actual well work is commenced and prior to running and cementing casing. Spills or emergency discharges must be promptly reported by the operator to 1-800-642-3074 and to the Oil and Gas Inspector.

Upon completion of the plugging well work, the above named operator will reclaim the site according to the provisions of WV Code 22-6-30. Please be advised that form WR-38, Affidavit of Plugging and Filling Well, is to be submitted to this office within 90 days of completion of permitted well work, as should form WR-34 Discharge Monitoring Report within 30 days of discharge of pits, if applicable. Failure to abide by all statutory and regulatory provisions governing all duties and operations hereunder may result in suspension or revocation of this permit and, in addition, may result in civil and/or criminal penalties being imposed upon the operators.

Per 35 CSR 4-5.2.g this permit will expire in two (2) years from the issue date unless permitted well work is commenced. If there are any questions, please feel free to contact me at (304) 926-0450.

James A. Martin

Chief

Operator's Well Number: MC50

Farm Name: MONINGER, CALVIN & LOIS

U.S. WELL NUMBER: 47-051-01057-00-00

Coal Bed Methane Well Plugging
Date Issued: 4/25/2018

PERMIT CONDITIONS

West Virginia Code §22-6-11 allows the Office of Oil and Gas to place specific conditions upon this permit. Permit conditions have the same effect as law. <u>Failure to adhere to the specified permit conditions may result in enforcement action.</u>

CONDITIONS

- 1. All pits must be lined with a minimum of 20 mil thickness synthetic liner.
- 2. In the event of an accident or explosion causing loss of life or serious personal injury in or about the well or while working on the well, the well operator or its contractor shall give notice, stating the particulars of the accident or explosion, to the oil and gas inspector and the Chief within twenty-four (24) hours.
- 3. Well work activities shall not constitute a hazard to the safety of persons.

WW-4B Rev. 2/01

1) Date April 12	,	2018
2) Operator's		
Well No. MC50		
3) API Well No.	47-051	- 01057

STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION OFFICE OF OIL AND GAS

APPLICATION FOR A PERMIT TO PLUG AND ABANDON

	d injection/ Waste disposal/
(If "Gas, Production or Un	nderground storage Deep/ Shallow
5) Location: Elevation 1388.73'	Watershed Wheeling Creek
District Webster	County Marshall Quadrangle Majorsville, WV-PA 7.
6) Well Operator CNX Gas Company, LLC	7) Designated Agent Christopher Turner-Matthew Ruckl
Address 1000 Consol Energy Drive	Address 1000 Consol Energy Drive
Canonsburg, PA 15317	Canonsburg, PA 15317
8) Oil and Gas Inspector to be notified Name James Nicholson	9) Plugging Contractor Name Coastal Drilling East
Address P.O. Box 44	Address 130 Meadow Ridge Road, Suite 24
Moundsville, WV 26041	Mount Morris, PA 15349
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	Office of Oil and Gas
otification must be given to the district ork can commence.	APR 2 3 2018 WV Department of
ork can commence.	Office of Oil and Gas APR 2 3 2018 WV Department of Environmental Protection

Exhibit Number 1

Consol PennsylvaniaCoal Co. in WV will utilize the following methods to plug CMB wells.

The CBM well a directional well with horizontal wellbores through the Pittsburgh coal seam: the wellbores through the coal seam will be grouted or gelled. The vertical wellbore will be cleaned out to total depth or attainable bottom. The well pump, 4 ½ incasing, and packer will be pulled. This "Proposed Alternate Method" of plugging the wellbore will apply to that portion of the seam to be mined (Pittsburgh) to the surface.

All casing will be removed so that only a single string will be left in the wellbore if it cannot be removed. Intact and uncemented casing as determined by electronic logging will be perforated or ripped or milled at no greater than 100 foot intervals from the bottom of the casing to the top of the casing. A borehole survey will be conducted to determine the top and bottom of the coal seam to be mined. In addition, starting at 5 feet below through 5 feet above the coal to be mined any casing shall be cut or ripped or perforated on no greater than 5 foot intervals. Before or after the final mine through of the horizontal legs the vertical wellbore will be filled with Class A cement or equivalent to the surface.

The casing and conductor remaining shall be cut off and the well monument shall be installed per WV code.

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WV Department of Environmental Protection



Select County: (051) Marshall Select datatypes: [(Check All) D Plugging Production Enter Permit #: 01057 Location Owner/Completion Stratigraphy ☑ Sample Get Data Logs Btm Hole Loc Pay/Show/Water

County Code Translations
Permit Numbering Series
Usage Notes
Contact Information
Disclaims

WV Geological & Economic Survey:

Well: County = 51 Permit = 01057

Report Time: Thursday, April 12, 2018 2:12 20 PM

 Location Information:
 View Map

 API
 COUNTY
 PERMIT TAX_DISTRICT
 QUAD_76
 QUAD_16
 LAT_DD
 LON_DD
 UTME
 UTMN

 4705101057
 Marshall
 1057
 Webster
 Majorsville
 Cameron
 39.887743
 -80.590286
 535030.4
 4415378.3

There is no Bottom Hole Location data for this well

Owner Information:

API CMP_DT SUFFIX STATUS SURFACE_OWNER WELL_NUM CO_NUM_LEASE LEASE_NUM_MINERAL_OWN OPERATOR_AT_COMPLETION PROP_VD PROP_TRGT_FM TFM_EST_PR
4705101057 5/3/2008 Original Loc Completed Calvin & Lois Moniger MC50 CNX Gas Co. LLC (North) 1192 Pittsburgh coal

 Completion Information:
 API
 CMP_DT
 SPUD_DT
 ELEV
 DATUM
 FIELD
 DEEPEST_FM
 DEEPEST_FMT

 4705101057
 5/3/2008
 1/21/2008
 1389
 Ground Level
 Unnamed
 Pittsburgh Fm
 Pittsburgh coal
 DEEPEST_FM DEEPEST_FMT INITIAL_CLASS FINAL_CLASS CMP_MTHD TVD TMD NEW_FTG G_BEF G_AFT O_BEF Fractured 1250 1250 0

Pay/Show/Water Information:
API CMP_DT ACTIVITY
4705101057 5/3/2008 Water
4705101057 5/3/2008 Methans P PRODUCT SECTION DEPTH_TOP FM_TOP
Fresh Water Vertical 926 Pittsburgh DEPTH_BOT FM_BOT 240 933 Pittsburgh coal G_BEF G_AFT O_BEF O_AFT WATER_ONTY

Production Gas Information: (Volumes in Mcf)

API	PRODUCING_OPERATOR	PRD_YEAR	ANN_GAS	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DCM
4705101057	CNX Gas Co. LLC (North)	2008	8,697	. 0	0	0	. 0	0	D	0	0	794	1,952	2,584	3,367
4705101057	CNX Gas Co. LLC (North)	2009	40,141	3.817	3,085	3.654	3,321	3,470	3,154	3,421	3,227	3,105	3,324	3,252	3,311
4705101057	CNX Gas Co. LLC (North)	2010	40,542	3,341	2,946	3.359	3,300	3,480	3,400	3,444	3,493	3,428	3,521	3,379	3,451
4705101057	CNX Gas Co. LLC (North)	2011	36,543	3,157	2,811	3,149	2,952	3,058	2,892	2,995	3,167	3,085	3,255	2,868	3,154
4705101057	CNX Gas Co. LLC (North)	2012	36,534	2,875	2,875	2,961	3,024	3,064	2,913	2,953	3,080	3,161	3,285	3,016	3,325
4705101057	CNX Gas Co. LLC (North)	2013	49,681	10,824	3,020	3 254	2,983	3,578	3,659	8,152	1,805	3,302	3,334	3,058	2,712
4705101057	CNX Gas Co. LLC (North)	2014	34,693	2,578	2,583	2.992	2,945	2,985	2,847	2,890	2,944	2,851	3,203	3,000	2,875
4705101057	CNX Gas Co. LLC (North)	2015	32,091	2.575	2,151	2,716	2,729	3,013	2,732	2.771	2,726	2,507	2,721	2,605	2,844
4705101057	CNX Gas Co. LLC (North)	2016	30,537	2,720	2,457	2,687	2,644	2,775	2,327	2,173	2,188	2.131	2,741	2,877	2,801

Production Oil Information: (Volumes in Bbl) ** some operators may have reported NGL under Oil

API	PRODUCING_OPERATOR	PRD_YEAR	ANN_OIL	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DCM
4705101057	CNX Gas Co. LLC (North)	2008	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4705101057	CNX Gas Co. LLC (North)	2009	0	0	. 0	0	- 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4705101057	CNX Gas Co. LLC (North)	2010	0	0	. 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4705101057	CNX Gas Co. LLC (North)	2011	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4705101057	CNX Gas Co. LLC (North)	2012	0	0	0	0	- 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4705101057	CNX Gas Co. LLC (North)	2013	0	0	0	0	D	0	0	0	0	0	. 0	0	0
4705101057	CNX Gas Co. LLC (North)	2014	D	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4705101057	CNX Gas Co. LLC (North)	2015	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.	0
4705101057	CNX Gas Co. LLC (North)	2016	0												

Production NGL Information: (Volumes in Bbl) ** some operators may have reported NGL under Oil

API	PRODUCING OPERATOR	PRD YEAR	ANN NGL	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JUL	AUG	SEP	OCT	NOV	DCM
4705101057	CNX Gas Co. LLC (North)	2013	0	0	0	0	0	D	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
4705101057	CNX Gas Co. LLC (North)	2014	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	D	0	0
4705101057	CNX Gas Co. LLC (North)	2015	0	0	0	0	0	D	- 0	0	0	0	D	0	0
4705101057	GNX Gas Co. LLC (North)	2016	0												

Production Water Information: (Volumes in Gallans)

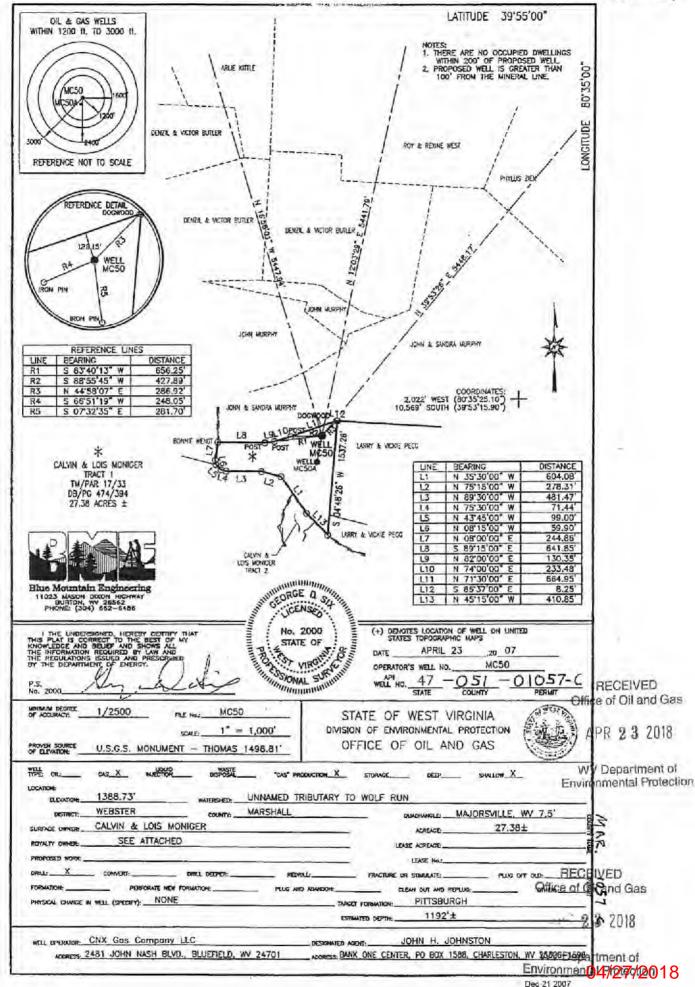
[API PRODUCING_OPERATOR PRD_YEAR ANN_WTR JAN FEB MAR APR MAY JUN JUL AUG SEP OCT NOV DCM
4705101057 CNX.Gas Co. LLC (North) 2016 0

Sudugiapri	y inioimau	UI I					the state of the s		
API	SUFFIX	FM	FM_QUALITY	DEPTH_TOP	DEPTH_QUALITY	THICKNESS	THICKNESS_QUALITY	ELEV	DATUM
4705101057	Original Loc	unidentified coal	CBM: Drill Hole	560	Reasonable	3	Reasonable	1389	Ground Level
4705101057	Original Loc	unidentified coal	CBM: Drill Hole	665	Reasonable	3	Reasonable	1389	Ground Level
4705101057	Original Loc	unidentified coal	CBM: Dr II Hole	842	Reasonable	4	Ressonable	1389	Ground Level
		unidentified coal.			Reasonable	7	Reasonable	1389	Ground Level

There is no Wireline (E-Log) data for this well

There is no Plugging data for this well

There is no Sample data for this well



U.S. Department of Labor

I.D. No. 36-07230

Mine Safety and Health Administration 1100 Wilson Boulevard Arlington, Virginia 22209-3939

IN 15 2011
In the matter of:
Consol Pennsylvania Coal Company
Bailey Mine

Petition for Modification

Docket No. M-2009-040-C





1016

Proposed Decision and Order

On August 18, 2009, a petition was filed seeking a modification of the application of 30 C.F.R. § 75.1700 to Petitioner's Bailey Mine located in Washington County, Pennsylvania. The petitioner alleges that the alternative method outlined in the petition will at all times guarantee no less than the same measure of protection afforded by the standard.

Section 30 C.F.R. § 75.1700 provides:

Each operator of a coal mine shall take reasonable measures to locate oil and gas wells penetrating coalbeds or any underground area of a coal mine. When located, such operator shall establish and maintain barriers around such oil and gas wells in accordance with State laws and regulations, except that such barriers shall not be less than 300 feet in diameter, unless the Secretary or his authorized representative permits a lesser barrier consistent with the applicable State laws and regulations where such lesser barrier will be adequate to protect against hazards from such wells to the miners in such mine, or unless the Secretary or his authorized representative requires a greater barrier where the depth of the mine, other geologic conditions, or other factors varrant such a greater barrier.

The extraction of methane from coal seams and surrounding strata is a rapidly growing component of the domestic natural gas supply. Recent innovations in drilling techniques have resulted in development of several types of wells and production methods to extract coalbed methane (CBM) resources. Drill holes are deviated in both the horizontal and vertical planes using these techniques. These techniques differ from vertical gas wells and require different techniques in order to plug the wells. Procedures to address the potential hazards presented by CBM wells must be implemented to protect the coal miners who will be exposed to these wells. When coal mines intersect inadequately plugged CBM wells, methane inundations; ignitions and explosions are possible.

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The alternative method proposed by Petitioner would include well plugging procedures, water infusion and ventilation methods, and procedures for mining through each CBM well and/or its branches.

Finding of Fact and Conclusion of Law

The Bailey Mine is an underground coal mine that operates in the Pittsburgh Coal Seam. The mine includes 2 slopes and 14 shafts, employs nearly 770 people, and operates three shifts per day, six days per week. The mine currently has 10 producing sections which include 2 longwall units. On average, the Bailey Mine produces 38,000 tons of clean coal daily. The coal bed is approximately 80 inches in height and the mine is ventilated by exhausting mine fans. In the first quarter of 2011, total liberation for the mine was 13,579,526 cubic feet of methane in 24 hours.

Bailey Mine extracts CBM from the coal seam prior to mining in order to reduce methane emissions and, thus, the incidence of face ignitions. The wells are drilled from the surface using directional drilling technology to develop horizontal branches within the coal seam being mined. Drill holes may be deviated in both the horizontal and vertical planes using these techniques. Multiple horizontal branches may be developed from a single well and multiple seams may be developed from a single well. The drilling industry has trademarked several different proprietary names for these drilling processes. For purposes of this Order, these proprietary drilling processes will be referred to as generic "surface directional drilled" (SDD) wells.

There are no miners representatives; however comments were submitted by the United Mine Workers of America. Concern was expressed that all holes may not be accurately charted by the drilling company resulting in an accidental cut through and the gel may not adequately set up resulting in a methane inundation. MSHA believes these concerns have been addressed by establishing a probable error of location and requiring a minimum working barrier around the well prior to cut through, also this petition contains mandatory procedures for plugging or replugging of SDD wells which has proven effective in preventing methane inundations during cut through.

On February 3, 2010, MSHA conducted an investigation of the Bailey Mine petition and filed a report of its findings and recommendations with the Administrator for Coal Mine Safety and Health. Based on information gathered during the investigation, MSHA evaluated Petitioner's proposed alternative method and, as amended by the terms and conditions of MSHA, concluded that it would provide the same measure of protection afforded by 30 C.F.R. § 75.1700. The alternative method has been successfully used to prepare CBM wells for safe intersection by using one or more of the following methods: (1) Cement Plug, (2) Polymer Gel, (3) Bentonite Gel, (4) Active Pressure Management and Water Infusion, and (5) Remedial Work. The alternate method will prevent the CBM well methane from entering the underground mine.

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Petitioner's proposed alternative method includes provisions from previously approved petition requests that permit a smaller barrier and/or permit mining through properly plugged oil and gas wells. These alternative methods have proven safe and effective when properly implemented. In addition, Bailey's petition request also includes additional provisions that are specific to SDD wells.

Accordingly, after a review of the entire record, including the petition and MSHA's investigative report, Consol Pennsylvania Coal Company is granted a modification of the application of 30 C.F.R. § 75.1700 to its Bailey Mine, and this Proposed Decision and Order (PDO) is issued.

ORDER

Wherefore, pursuant to the authority delegated by the Secretary of Labor to the Administrator for Coal Mine Safety and Health, and pursuant to Section 101(c) of the Federal Mine Safety and Health Act of 1977, 30 U.S.C. § 811(c), and 30 C.F.R. Part 44, a modification of the application of 30 C.F.R. § 75.1700 at the Bailey Mine is hereby:

GRANTED, to allow mining within or through the 300 foot barrier around SDD oil and gas wells, conditioned upon compliance with the following terms and conditions:

1. DISTRICT MANAGER APPROVAL REQUIRED

A minimum working barrier of 300 feet in diameter shall be maintained around all SDD wells until approval to proceed with mining has been obtained from the District Manager. This barrier extends around all vertical and horizontal branches drilled in the coal seam. This barrier also extends around all vertical and horizontal branches within overlying coal seams subject to caving or subsidence from the coal seam being mined when methane leakage through the subsidence zone is possible. The District Manager may choose to approve each branch intersection, each well, or a group of wells as applicable to the conditions. The District Manager may require a certified review of the proposed methods to prepare the SDD wells for intersection by a professional engineer in order to assess the applicability of the proposed system(s) to the mine-specific conditions.

2. MANDATORY PROCEDURES FOR PREPARING, PLUGGING, AND REPLUGGING SDD WELLS

a. MANDATORY COMPUTATIONS AND ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURES PRIOR TO PLUGGING OR REPLUGGING

- Probable Error of Location Directional drilling systems rely on 1. sophisticated angular measurement systems and computer models to calculate the estimated location of the well bore. This estimated hole location is subject to cumulative measurement errors so that the distance between actual and estimated location of the well bore increases with the depth of the hole. Modern directional drilling systems are typically accurate within one or two degrees depending on the specific equipment and techniques. The probable error of location is defined by a cone described by the average accuracy of angular measurement around the length of the hole. For example: a hole that is drilled 500 vertical feet and deviated into a coal seam at a depth of 700 feet would have a probable error of location at a point that is 4,000 feet from the hole collar (about 2,986 ft. horizontally from the well collar) of 69.8 ft. (4,000 ft. x sine (1.0 degree)) if the average accuracy of angular measurement was one degree and 139.6 ft if the average accuracy of angular measurement was two degrees. In addition to the probable error of location, the true hole location is also affected by underground survey errors, surface survey errors, and random survey errors.
- 2. Minimum Working Barrier Around Well - For purposes of this Order, the minimum working barrier around any coalbed methane well or branches of a coalbed methane well in the coal seam is 50 feet plus the probable error of location. For example: for a hole that is drilled 500 vertical feet and deviated into a coal seam at a depth of 700 feet using drilling equipment that has an average accuracy of angular measurement of one degree, the probable error of location at a point that is 4,000 feet from the hole collar is 69.8 ft. Therefore, the minimum working barrier around this point of the well bore is 120 ft. (69.8 ft. plus 50 ft., rounded up to the nearest foot). The 50 additional feet is a reasonable separation between the probable location of the well and mining operations. When mining is within the minimum working barrier distance from a coalbed methane well or branch, the mine operator must comply with the provisions of this Order. Coalbed methane wells must be prepared in advance for safe intersection and specific procedures must be followed on the mining section in order to protect the miners when mining within this minimum working barrier around the well. The District Manager may require a greater minimum working barrier around coalbed methane wells where geologic conditions, historical location errors, or other factors warrant a greater barrier.

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- Ventilation Plan Requirements The ventilation plan shall contain 3. a description of all SDD coalbed methane wells drilled in the area to be mined. This description should include the well numbers, the date drilled, the diameter, the casing information, the coal seams developed, maximum depth of the wells, abandonment pressures, and any other information required by the District Manager. All or part of this information may be listed on the 30 C.F.R. § 75.372 map. The ventilation plan shall include the techniques that the mine operator plans to use to prepare the SDD wells for safe intersection, the specifications and steps necessary to implement these techniques, and the required operational precautions that are required when mining within the minimum working barrier. In addition, the ventilation plan will contain any additional information or provisions related to the SDD wells required by the District Manager.
- 4. <u>Ventilation Map</u> The ventilation map specified in 30 C.F.R. § 75.372 shall contain the following information:
 - i. The surface location of all coalbed methane wells in the active mining area and any projected mining area as specified in 30 C.F.R. § 75.372(b)(14);
 - ii. Identifying information of coalbed methane wells (i.e. API hole number or equivalent);
 - iii. The date that gas production began from the well;
 - iv. The coal seam intersection of all coalbed methane wells;
 - v. The horizontal extents in the coal seam of all coalbed methane wells and branches;
 - vi. The outline of the probable error of location of all coalbed methane wells; and
 - vii. The date of mine intersection and the distance between estimated and actual locations for all intersections of the coalbed methane well and branches.

b. MANDATORY PROCEDURES FOR PLUGGING OR REPLUGGING SDD WELLS

The mine operator shall include one of more of the following methods to prepare SDD wells for safe intersection in the mine ventilation plan. The methods approved in the ventilation plant must be completed on each SDD well before mining encroaches on the minimum working barrier around the well or branch of the well in the coal seam being mined. If methane leakage through subsidence cracks is a problem when retreat

mining, the minimum working barrier must be maintained around wells and branches in overlying coal seams or the wells and branches must be prepared for safe intersection as specified in the mine ventilation plan.

1. Cement Plug - Cement may be used to fill the entire SDD hole system. Squeeze cementing techniques are necessary for SDD plugging due to the lack of tubing in the hole. Cement should fill void spaces and eliminate methane leakage along the hole. Once the cement has cured, the SDD system may be intersected multiple times without further hole preparation. Gas cutting occurs if the placement pressure of the cement is less than the methane pressure in the coal seam. Under these conditions, gas will bubble out of the coal seam and into the unset cement creating a pressurized void or series of interconnected pressurized voids. Water cutting occurs when formation water and standing water in the hole invades or displaces the unset cement. Standing water has to be bailed out of the hole or driven into the formation with compressed gas to minimize water cutting. The cement pressure must be maintained higher than the formation pressure until the cement sets to minimize both gas and water cutting. The cementing program in the ventilation plan must address both gas and water cutting.

Due to the large volume to be cemented and potential problems with cement setting prior to filling the entire SDD system, adequately sized pumping units with back-up capacity must be used. Various additives such as retarders, lightweight extenders, viscosity modifiers, thixotropic modifiers, and fly ash may be used in the cement mix. The volume of cement pumped should exceed the estimated hole volume to ensure the complete filling of all voids. The complete cementing program, including hole dewatering, cement, additives, pressures, pumping times and equipment must be specified in the ventilation plan. The material safety data sheets (MSDS) for all cements, additives and components and any personal protective equipment and techniques to protect workers from the potentially harmful effects of the cement and cement components should be included in the ventilation plan. Records of cement mixes, cement quantities, pump pressures, and flow rates and times should be retained for each hole plugged.

SDD holes may be plugged with cement years in advance of mining. However, the District Manager shall require suitable documentation of the cement plugging in order to approve mining

within the minimum working barrier around coalbed methane wells.

2. Polymer Gel - Polymer gels start out as low viscosity, water-based mixtures of organic polymers that are crosslinked using time-delayed activators to form a water-insoluble, high-viscosity gel after being pumped into the SDD system. Although polymer gel systems never solidify, the activated gel should develop sufficient strength to resist gas flow. A gel that is suitable for treating SDD wells for mine intersection will reliably fill the SDD system and prevent gas-filled voids. Any gel chemistry used for plugging SDD wells should be resistant to bacterial and chemical degradation and remain stabile for the duration of mining through a SDD system.

Water may dilute the gel mixture to the point where it will not set to the required strength. Water in the holes should be removed before injecting the gel mixture. Water removal can be accomplished by conventional bailing and then injecting compressed gas to squeeze the water that accumulates in low spots back into the formation. Gas pressurization should be continued until the hole is dry. Another potential problem with gels is that dissolved salts in the formation waters may interfere with the cross-linking reactions. Any proposed gel mixtures must be tested with actual formation waters.

Equipment to mix and pump gels should have adequate capacity to fill the hole before the gel sets. Back-up units should be available in case something breaks while pumping. The volume of gel pumped should exceed the estimated hole volume to ensure the complete filling of all voids and allow for gel to infiltrate the joints in the coal seam surrounding the hole. Gel injection and setting pressures should be specified in the ventilation plan. To reduce the potential for an inundation of gel, the final level of gel should be close to the level of the coal seam and the remainder of the hole should remain open to the atmosphere until mining in the vicinity of the SDD system is completed. Packers may be used to isolate portions of the SDD system.

The complete polymer gel program, including advance testing of the gel with formation water, dewatering systems, gel specifications, gel quantities, gel placement, pressures, and pumping equipment must be specified in the ventilation plan. The MSDS for all gel components and any personal protective equipment and techniques to protect workers from the potentially harmful effects of the gel and gel components should be included in the ventilation plan. A record of the calculated hole volume, gel quantities, gel formulation, pump pressures, and flow rates and times should be retained for each hole that is treated with gel. Other gel chemistries other than organic polymers may be included in the ventilation plan with appropriate methods, parameters, and safety precautions.

3. Bentonite Gel - High-pressure injection of bentonite gel into the SDD system will infiltrate the cleat and butt joints of the coal seam near the well bore and effectively seal these conduits against the flow of methane. Bentonite gel is a thixotropic fluid that sets when it stops moving. Bentonite gel has a significantly lower setting viscosity than polymer gel. While the polymer gel fills and seals the borehole, the lower strength bentonite gel must penetrate the fractures and jointing in the coal seam in order to be effective in reducing formation permeability around the hole. The use of bentonite gel is restricted to depleted CBM applications that have low abandonment pressures and limited recharge potential. In general, these applications will be mature CBM fields with long production histories.

A slug of water should be injected prior to the bentonite gel in order to minimize moisture-loss bridging near the well bore. The volume of gel pumped should exceed the estimated hole volume to ensure that the gel infiltrates the joints in the coal seam for several feet surrounding the hole. Due to the large gel volume and potential problems with premature thixotropic setting, adequately sized pumping units with back-up capacity are required. Additives to the gel may be required to modify viscosity, reduce filtrates, reduce surface tension, and promote sealing of the cracks and joints around the hole. To reduce the potential for an inundation of bentonite gel, the final level of gel should be approximately the elevation of the coal seam and the remainder of the hole should remain open to the atmosphere until mining in the vicinity of the SDD system is completed. If a water column is used to pressurize the gel, it must be bailed down to the coal seam elevation prior to intersection.

The complete bentonite gel program, including formation infiltration and permeability reduction data, hole pretreatment, gel specifications, additives, gel quantities flow rates, injection

pressures and infiltration times, must be specified in the ventilation plan. The ventilation plan should list the equipment used to prepare and pump the gel. The MSDS for all gel components and any personal protective equipment and techniques to protect workers from the potentially harmful effects of the gel and additives should be included in the ventilation plan. A record of hole preparation, gel quantities, gel formulation, pump pressures, and flow rates and times should be retained for each hole that is treated with bentonite gel.

4. Active Pressure Management and Water Infusion - Reducing the pressure in the hole to less than atmospheric pressure by operating a vacuum blower connected to the wellhead may facilitate safe intersection of the hole by a coal mine. The negative pressure in the hole will limit the quantity of methane released into the higher pressure mine atmosphere. If the mine intersection is near the end of a horizontal branch of the SDD system, air will flow from the mine into the upstream side of the hole and be exhausted through the blower on the surface. On the downstream side of the intersection, if the open hole length is short, the methane emitted from this side of the hole may be diluted to safe levels with ventilation air. Conversely, safely intersecting this system near the bottom of the vertical hole may not be possible because the methane emissions from the multiple downstream branches may be too great to dilute with ventilation air. The methane emission rate is directly proportional to the length of the open hole. Successful application of vacuum systems may be limited by caving of the hole or water collected in dips in the SDD system. Another important factor in the success of vacuum systems is the methane liberation rate of the coal formation around the well - older, more depleted wells that have lower methane emission rates are more amenable to this technique. The remaining methane content and the formation permeability should be addressed in the ventilation plan.

Packers may be used to reduce methane inflow into the coal mine after intersection. All packers on the downstream side of the hole must be equipped with a center pipe so that the inby methane pressure may be measured or so that water may be injected. Subsequent intersections should not take place if pressure in a packer-sealed hole is excessive. Alternatively, methane produced by the downstream hole may be piped to an in-mine degas system to safely transport the methane out of the mine or may be piped to

the return air course for dilution. In-mine methane piping should be protected as stipulated in "Piping Methane in Underground Coal Mines," MSHA IR 1094, (1978). Protected methane diffusion zones may be established in return air courses if needed. Detailed sketches and safety precautions for methane collection, piping and diffusion systems must be included in the ventilation plan (30 C.F.R. § 75.371(ee)).

Water infusion prior to intersecting the well will temporarily limit methane flow. Water infusion may also help control coal dust levels during mining. High water infusion pressures may be obtained prior to the initial intersection by the hydraulic head resulting from the hole depth or by pumping. Water infusion pressures for subsequent intersections are limited by leakage around in-mine packers and limitations of the mine water distribution system. If water infused prior to the initial intersection, the water level in the hole must be lowered to the coal seam elevation before the intersection.

The complete pressure management strategy including negative pressure application, wellhead equipment, and use of packers, inmine piping, methane dilution, and water infusion must be specified in the ventilation plan. Procedures for controlling methane in the downstream hole must be specified in the ventilation plan. The remaining methane content and formation permeability should be addressed in the ventilation plan. The potential for the coal seam to cave into the well should be addressed in the ventilation plan. Dewatering methods should be included in the ventilation plan. A record of the negative pressures applied to the system, methane liberation, use of packers and any water infusion pressures and application time should be retained for each intersection.

5. Remedial work - If problems are encountered in preparing the holes for safe intersection, then remedial measures must be taken to protect the miners. For example: if only one-half of the calculated hole volume of cement could be placed into a SDD well due to hole blockage, holes should be drilled near each branch that will be intersected and squeeze cemented using pressures sufficient to fracture into the potentially empty SDD holes. The District Manager will approve remedial work in the ventilation plan on a case-by-case basis.

- 3. MANDATORY PROCEDURES AFTER APPROVAL HAS BEEN GRANTED BY THE DISTRICT MANAGER TO MINE WITHIN THE MINIMUM WORKING BARRIER AROUND THE WELL OR BRANCH OF THE WELL
 - a. The mine operator, the District Manager, the miners' representative, or the State may request a conference prior to any intersection or after any intersection to discuss issues or concerns. Upon receipt of any such request, the District Manager shall schedule a conference. The party requesting the conference shall notify all other parties listed above within a reasonable time prior to the conference to provide opportunity for participation.
 - b. The mine operator must notify the District Manager, the State and the miners' representative at least 48 hours prior to the intended intersection of any coalbed methane well.
 - c. The initial intersection of a well or branch of a well typically has a higher risk than subsequent intersections. The initial intersection typically indicates if the well preparation is sufficient to prevent the inundation of methane. For the initial intersection of a well or branch, the following procedures are mandatory:
 - 1. When mining advances within the minimum barrier distance of the well or branches of the well, the entries that will intersect the well or branches must be posted with a readily visible marking. For longwalls, both the head and tailgate entries must be so marked. Marks must be advanced to within 100 feet of the working face as mining progresses. Marks will be removed after well or branches are intersected in each entry or after mining has exited the minimum barrier distance of the well.
 - 2. Entries that will intersect vertical segments of a well shall be marked with drivage sights in the last open crosscut when mining is within 100 feet of the well. When a vertical segment of a well will be intersected by a longwall, drivage sights shall be installed on 10-foot centers starting 50 feet in advance of the anticipated intersection. Drivage sights shall be installed in both the headgate and tailgate entries of the longwall.
 - 3. The operator shall ensure that fire-fighting equipment, including fire extinguishers, rock dust, and sufficient fire hose to reach the working fact are of the mine-through (when either the conventional or the continuous mining method is used) is available and operable

during all well mine-throughs. The fire hose shall be located in the last open crosscut of the entry or room. The operator shall maintain the water line to the belt conveyor tailpiece along with a sufficient amount of fire hose to reach the farthest point of penetration on the section. When the longwall mining method is used, a hose to the longwall water supply is sufficient. All fire hoses shall be connected and ready for use, but do not have to be charged with water, during the cut-through.

- 4. The operator shall ensure that sufficient supplies of roof support and ventilation materials are available at the working section. In addition, emergency plugs, packers, and setting tools to seal both sides of the well or branch shall be available in the immediate area of the cut-through.
- 5. When mining advances within the minimum working barrier distance from the well or branch of the well, the operator shall service all equipment and check for permissibility at least once daily. Daily permissibility examinations must continue until the well or branch is intersected or until mining exits the minimum working barrier around the well or branch.
- 6. When mining advances within the minimum working barrier distance from the well or branch of the well, the operator shall calibrate the methane monitor(s) on the longwall, continuous mining machine, or cutting machine and loading machine at least once daily. Daily methane monitor calibration must continue until the well or branch is intersected or until mining exits the minimum working barrier around the well or branch.
- 7. When mining is in progress, the operator shall perform tests for methane with a handheld methane detector at least every 10 minutes from the time that mining with the continuous mining machine or longwall face is within the minimum working barrier around the well or branch. During the cutting process, no individual shall be allowed on the return side until the minethrough has been completed and the area has been examined and declared safe. The shearer must be idle when any miners are inby the tail drum.
- 8. When using continuous or conventional mining methods, the working place shall be free from accumulations of coal dust and coal spillages, and rock dust shall be placed on the roof, rib, and

floor within 20 feet of the face when mining through the well or branch. On longwall sections, rock dust shall be applied on the roof, rib, and floor up to both the headgate and tailgate pillared area.

- Immediately after the well or branch is intersected, the operator shall de-energize all equipment, and the certified person shall thoroughly examine and determine the working place safe before mining is resumed.
- 10. After a well or branch has been intersected and the working place determined safe, mining shall continue inby the well a sufficient distance to permit adequate ventilation around the area of the well or branch.
- 11. No open flame shall be permitted in the area until adequate ventilation has been established around the well bore or branch. Any casing, tubing or stuck tools will be removed using the methods approved in the ventilation plan.
- 12. No person shall be permitted in the area of the mine-through operation inby the last open crosscut during active mining except those actually engaged in the operation, including company personnel, representatives of the miners, personnel from MSHA, and personnel from the appropriate State agency.
- 13. The operator shall warn all personnel in the mine to the planned intersection of the well or branch prior to their going underground if the planned intersection is to occur during their shift. This warning shall be repeated for all shifts until the well or branch has been intersected.
- 14. The mine-through operation shall be under the direct supervision of a certified person. Instructions concerning the mine-through operation shall be issued only by the certified person in charge.
- 15. All miners shall be in known locations and in constant two-way communications with the responsible person under 30 C.F.R. § 75.1501 when active mining occurs within the minimum working barrier of the well or branch.
- 16. The responsible person required under 30 C.F.R. § 75.1501 is responsible for well intersection emergencies. The well intersection

- procedures must be reviewed by the responsible person prior to any planned intersection.
- 17. A copy of the order shall be maintained at the mine and be available to the miners.
- 18. The provisions of this order do not impair the authority of representatives of MSHA to interrupt or halt the mine-through operation and to issue a withdrawal order when they deem it necessary for the safety of the miners. MSHA may order an interruption or cessation of the mine-through operation and/or a withdrawal of personnel by issuing either a verbal or a written order to that effect to a representative of the operator, which order shall include the basis for the order. Operations in the affected area of the mine may not resume until a representative of MSHA permits resumption of mine-through operations. The mine operator and miners shall comply with verbal or written MSHA orders immediately. All verbal orders shall be committed to writing within a reasonable time as conditions permit.
- d. For subsequent intersections of branches of a well, appropriate procedures to protect the miners shall be specified in the ventilation plan.

4. MANDATORY PROCEDURES AFTER SDD INTERSECTIONS

- a. All intersections with SDD wells and branches that are in intake air courses shall be examined as part of the pre-shift examinations required under 30 C.F.R. § 75.360.
- b. All other intersection with SDD wells and branches shall be examined as part of the weekly examinations required under 30 C.F.R. § 75.364.

5. OTHER REQUIREMENTS

a. Within 30 days after this Order becomes final, the operator shall submit proposed revisions for its approved 30 C.F.R. Part 48 training plan to the District Manager. These proposed revisions shall include initial and refresher training regarding compliance with the terms and conditions stated in the Order. The operator shall provide all miners involved in the mine-through of a well or branch with training regarding the requirements of this Order prior to mining within the minimum working barrier of the next well or branch intended to be mined through.

b. Within 30 days after this Order becomes final, the operator shall submit proposed revisions for its approved mine emergency evacuation and firefighting program of instruction required by 30 C.F.R § 75.1501. The operator shall revise the program to include the hazards and evacuation procedures to be used for well intersections. All underground miners shall be trained in this revised program within 30 days of the approval of the revised mine emergency evacuation and firefighting program of instruction.

Any party to this action desiring a hearing on this matter must file in accordance with 30 C.F.R. § 44.14, within 30 days. The request for hearing must be filed with the Administrator for Coal Mine Safety and Health, 1100 Wilson Boulevard, Arlington, Virginia 22209-3939.

If a hearing is requested, the request shall contain a concise summary of position on the issues of fact or law desired to be raised by the party requesting the hearing, including specific objections to the proposed decision. A party other than Petitioner who has requested a hearing may also comment upon all issues of fact or law presented in the petition, and any party to this action requesting a hearing may indicate a desired hearing site. If no request for a hearing is filed within 30 days after service thereof, the Proposed Decision and Order will become final and must be posted by the operator on the mine bulletin board at the mine.

Charles J. Thomas

Deputy Administrator for Coal Mine Safety and Health

Certificate of Service

I hereby certify that a copy of this postage prepaid, this 2/	proposed decision was served personally or mai ay of	iled
Ms. Suzanne M. Burtt	Mr. Dennis O' Dell	

Paralegal and Litigation Representative CONSOL Energy, Inc. CNX Center 1000 Consol Energy Drive Canonsburg, PA 15317-6506 Mr. Dennis O' Dell United Mine Workers of America 18354 Quantico Gateway Dr., Suite 200 Triangle, VA 22172-1179

Shameka Green Secretary

cc: Mr. Joe Sbaffoni, Director of Deep Mine Safety, PA Dept. of environmental Protection

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Office of Oil and Gas

APR 23 2018

WV Department of Environmental Protection

COMPLETION REPORT

WW-9 Rev (2-01)

DATE: 6/10/08 API#: 47-5101057 C

State of West Virginia

Offic	Environmental e of Oil and Ga or's Report of W	IS			
Farm name: Calvin & Lois Moniger.			:MC-	50	
LOCATION: Elevation: 1398'			orsville, WV qu		<u> </u>
		turangie. Man	Astrict II da	au	-
District: Webster	Co	unty: Marsha	n		
Latitude:Feet South of	39 Deg.	55		0 Sec.	
Longitude:Feet West of	80 Deg.		n. 00	Sec.	
Company: CNX Gas Company, LLC	7				
	Casing &	Used in	Left in well	Cement Fill	
Address: 2481 John Nash Blvd.,	Tubing	drilling	1101	(# of Sacks)	
Bluefield, WV 24701	13-3/8 9-5/8"	44.2'	44.2'	Sanded I	THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAM
Agent: Les Arrington	7"	361.6'	361.6	139sks	
Agence Les Arrington	1	1168.5	1168.5	163sks	
Inspector: Bill Hatfield					
Date Permit Issued: 12/20/2007					
Date Well Work Commenced: 01/21/2008					
Date Well Work Completed:5/3/2008					
Verbal Plugging: N/A					
Date Permission granted on: N/A					
Rotary Cable Rig Total Depth (feet): 1250'			-		
Fresh Water Depth (ft.): 240 ft	-			-	
Tresh tracer Depta (It.). 240 It				-	
Salt Water Depth (ft.): N/A		+		-	
			-		
Is coal being mined in area (N/Y)? No		4		-	
Coal Depths (ft.): 563', 665', 846, 933					
OPEN FLOW DATA Producing formation Pittsburgh Coal Gas: Initial open flow 0 MCF/d Oil Final open flow NA MCF/d Time of open flow between initial and Static rock Pressure NA psig (st	: Initial open f Final open flo final tests	low_NA_I wNA_I NA_I	Bb1/d Bb1/d Hours		RECEIVED
Second producing formation	Day 70	ne depth (ft)			Office of Oil and Gas
	Initial open f	low 1	Bbl/d		United of Oil and das
	inal open flow	y B	bVd		100 00 0010
Time of open flow between initial and	final tests	Hou			APP 2 3 2018
Static rock Pressure psig (surfa	ce pressure) at	fter Ho			
					WV Department of
NOTE: ON BACK OF THIS FORM PUT THE INTERVALS, FRACTURING OR STIMULATE LOG WHICH IS A SYSTEMATIC DETAILED INCLUDING COAL ENCOUNTERED BY THE	NG, PHYSICA GEOLOGICA WELLBORE	L CHANGE, E L RECORD O	TC. 2). THE W	ELL TIONS,	invironmental Protection
Gas Well MC-50 (API No. 47-510-1057) is a ho attached information for additional information	i izoniai weli io L	OF CIVA GAS CO	mpany, LLC.	Refer to the	01
Signed: Olast Ganne	_				10
By: Geoff Farring, Drift Foreman)				S
Date: June 10, 2008		_	MAY 0 8	3 2009	~1
					04/27/2018

ATTACHMENT A

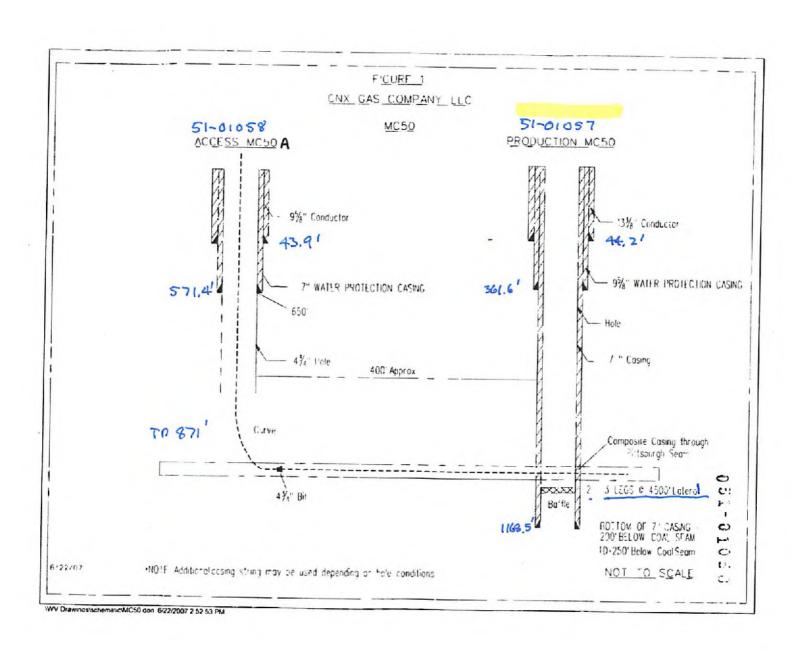
Marshall County CBM Well No. MC-50 Prod. Drill Log API #47-5101057

Depth	Description
GL-6	Let Down
6-14	Fill
14-20	Clay
20-25	Dirt & Shale
25-75	Sandy Shale
<i>7</i> 5-85	Shale
85-90	Sand
90-130	Shale
130-170	Sandy Shale
170-240	Shale
240-255	Sandy Shale
255-300	Shale
300-310	Sandy Shale
310-315	Sand
315-360	Sandy Shale
360-450	Shale
450-510	RR
510-560	Sandy Shale
560-563	Coal
563-665	Shale
665-668	Coal
668-790	Shale
790-842	Sandy Shale
842-846	Coal

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870-900	Shale
900-926	Sandy Shale
926-933	Coal
933-1080	Sand
1080-1170	RR
1170-1250TD	Sandy Shale



WW-4A Revised 6-07

1) Date:
2) Operator's
MC50
MC50

3) API Well No.: 47 -

01057 051

STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION, OFFICE OF OIL AND GAS NOTICE OF APPLICATION TO PLUG AND ABANDON A WELL.

	Calvin K. Moninger, et	lux	Name	Consol Pennsylvania Coal Comp	pany
Address	RR 4 Box 192		Address	192 Crabapple Road	
_	Cameron, WV 26033			Wind Ridge, PA 15380	
(b) Name			(b) Coal Ow	rner(s) with Declaration	
Address			Name		
-			Address		
(c) Name			Name		
Address			Address		
6) Inspector J	James Nicholson		(c) Coal Les	see with Declaration	
73 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	P.O. Box 44		Name		
<u> </u>	Moundsville, WV 26041		Address		
Telephone					
well its a (2) The plat The reason you	and the plugging wo (surveyor's map) sh	rk order; and towing the well location tents is that you have rig	on on Form WW-6.	sets out the parties involved in	instructions on the reverses side.
well its a (2) The plat The reason you However, you as Take notice that accompanying of Protection, with the Application,	and the plugging wo (surveyor's map) shareceived these documer re not required to take t under Chapter 22-6 of documents for a permit respect to the well at , and the plat have be	rk order; and towing the well location tents is that you have rig any action at all. of the West Virginia Code to plug and abandon aver the location described of	on on Form WW-6. this regarding the application the the undersigned well of the well with the Chief of the or certified mail or deli		instructions on the reverses side. I this Notice and Application and his Department of Environmental m WW-6. Copies of this Notice,
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The Office of Oil and Gas processes your personal information, such as name, address and phone number, as a part of our regulatory duties. Your personal information may be disclosed to other State agencies or third parties in the normal course of business or as needed to comply with statutory or regulatory requirements, including Freedom of Information Act requests. Our office will appropriately secure your personal information. If you have any questions about our use of your personal information, please contact DEP's Chief Privacy Officer at depprivacyoffier@wv.gov. 04/27/2018

SURFACE OWNER WAIVER

Operator's Well Number

1C50		
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INSTRUCTIONS TO SURFACE OWNERS NAMED ON PAGE WW4-A

The well operator named on page WW-4A is applying for a permit from the State to plug and abandon a well. (Note: If the surface tract is owned by more than three persons, then these materials were served on you because your name appeared on the Sheriff's tax ticket on the land or because you actually occupy the surface tract. In either case, you may be the only owner who will actually receive these materials.) See Chapter 22 of the West Virginia Code. Well work permits are valid for 24 months. If you do not own any interest in the surface tract, please forward these materials to the true owner immediately if you know who it is. Also, please notify the well operator and the Office of Oil and Gas.

NOTE: YOU ARE NOT REQUIRED TO FILE ANY COMMENT. WHERE TO FILE COMMENTS AND OBTAIN ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:

Chief, Office of Oil and Gas
Department of Environmental Protection
601 57th St. SE
Charleston, WV 25304
(304) 926-0450

<u>Time Limits and methods for filing comments.</u> The law requires these materials to be served on or before the date the operator files his Application. You have FIVE (5) DAYS after the filing date to file your comments. Comments must be filed in person or received in the mail by the Chief's office by the time stated above. You may call the Chief's office to be sure of the date. Check with your postmaster to ensure adequate delivery time or to arrange special expedited handling. If you have been contacted by the well operator and you have signed a "voluntary statement of no objection" to the planned work described in these materials, then the permit may be issued at any time.

Comments must be in writing. Your comments must include your name, address and telephone number, the well operator's name and well number and the approximate location of the proposed well site including district and county from the application. You may add other documents, such as sketches, maps or photographs to support your comments.

The Chief has the power to deny or condition a well work permit based on comments on the following grounds:

Office of Oil and Gas

- 1) The proposed well work will constitute a hazard to the safety of persons.
- 2) The soil erosion and sediment control plan is not adequate or effective;

3) Damage would occur to publicly owned lands or resources;

APR 23 2018

- 4) The proposed well work fails to protect fresh water sources or supplies;
- 5) The applicant has committed a substantial violation of a previous permit or a substantial violation of a previous permit or a substantial violation or more of the rules promulgated under Chapter 22, and has failed to abate or several protection violation...".

If you want a copy of the permit as it is issued or a copy of the order denying the permit, you should request a copy from the Chief.

VOLUNTARY STATEMENT OF NO OBJECTION

I hereby state that I have read the instructions to surface owners and that I have received copies of a Notice and Application For A Permit To Plug And Abandon on Forms WW-4A and WW-4B, and a survey plat.

I further state that I have no objection to the planned work described in these materials, and I have no objection to a permit being issued on those materials.

FOR EXECUTION BY A NATURAL PERSON

FOR EXECUTION BY A CORPORATION

ETC.		I ON DIMOCITON DI IN COM CIWILION,
Date 412-10	Name	
	_ Name	
Signature	$\mathbf{B}\mathbf{y}$	
	Its	Date

Signature

04/27/2018 Date

API No.	47-051-01057 € ?
Farm Name	
Well No.	MC50

INSTRUCTIONS TO COAL OPERATORS OWNERS AND LESSEE

The well operator named on the obverse side of WW-4 (B) is about to abandon the well described in the enclosed materials and will commence the work of plugging and abandoning said well on the date the inspector is notified. Which date shall not be less then five days after the day on which this notice and application so mailed is received, or in due course should be received by the Department of Environmental Protection Office of Oil & Gas.

This notice and application is given to you in order that your respective representatives may be present at the plugging and filling of said well. You are further notified that whether you are represented or not the operator will proceed to plug and fill said well in the manner required by Section 24, Article 6, Chapter 22 of the Code and given in detail on obverse side of this application.

NOTE: If you wish this well to be plugged according to 22-6-24(d) then as per Regulation 35CSR4-13.9 you must complete and return to this office on form OB-16 "Request by Coal Operator, Owner, or Lessee for plugging" prior to the issuance of this plugging permit.

	WAIVER	
has examined this proposed plugging w	X / owner X / lessee / of the coard ork order. The undersigned has no objection to the ell operator has complied with all applicable attions.	o the work proposed to be
Date: 4/12/2018	Consol PA Coal Co.	
	By: Matth Mile Its Project Engineer	RECEIVED Office of Oil and Gas

APR 23 2018

WV Department of Environmental Protection WW-9 (5/16)

API Number 47	_ 051	_01057	
Operator's Well 1		50	

STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION OFFICE OF OIL AND GAS

FLUIDS/ CUTTINGS DISPOSAL & RECLAMATION PLAN

Operator Name Consol Pennsylvania Coal Company	OP Code
Watershed (HUC 10) Wheeling Creek Quadrangle	Majorsville, WV 7.5'
Do you anticipate using more than 5,000 bbls of water to complete the proposed	well work? Yes No V
Will a pit be used? Yes No	
If so, please describe anticipated pit waste:	
Will a synthetic liner be used in the pit? Yes No In	f so, what ml.?
Proposed Disposal Method For Treated Pit Wastes:	
Land Application (if selected provide a completed for	m WW-9-GPP)
Underground Injection (UIC Permit Number	
Reuse (at API Number)
Off Site Disposal (Supply form WW-9 for disposal lo Other (Explain Tanks will be used. See Attached.	ocation)
Will closed loop system be used? If so, describe: Yes, Gel circulated from tank the	nrough well bore and returned to tank
Drilling medium anticipated for this well (vertical and horizontal)? Air, freshwa	ter, oil based, etc. Gel or Cement
-If oil based, what type? Synthetic, petroleum, etc	
Additives to be used in drilling medium? Bentonite, Bicarbonate of Soda	
Drill cuttings disposal method? Leave in pit, landfill, removed offsite, etc. shak	er cuttings hauled off site
-If left in pit and plan to solidify what medium will be used? (cement, 1	
	mic, sawddst)
-Landfill or offsite name/permit number? PADEP Permit#30020701	
Permittee shall provide written notice to the Office of Oil and Gas of any load of West Virginia solid waste facility. The notice shall be provided within 24 hours owhere it was properly disposed.	
I certify that I understand and agree to the terms and conditions of the on April 1, 2016, by the Office of Oil and Gas of the West Virginia Department provisions of the permit are enforceable by law. Violations of any term or condit or regulation can lead to enforcement action. I certify under penalty of law that I have personally examined and a application form and all attachments thereto and that, based on my inquiry of the information. I believe that the information is true, accurate, and complete, submitting false information, including the possibility of fine or imprisonment. Company Official Signature	of Environmental Protection. I understand that the tion of the general permit and/or other applicable law arm familiar with the information submitted on this see individuals immediately responsible for obtaining
Company Official (Typed Name) Matthew Ruckle	APR 2 3 2018
Company Official Title Project Engineer	AT IT DO LOTE
Company Official Title 1995 Charles	WV Department of Environmental Protection
Subscribed and sworn before me this 16th day of April	, 20 18
Cont to hirder	Notary Pul@MMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVAL
My commission expires 9-23-18	MOTARIAL SEAL Scott Whipkey, Notary Public Richhill Twp. Greens Sowing 1 0

+ Gas Inspector Date: 4/16/18 Field Reviewed?



CONSOL PENNSYLVANIA COAL COMPANY LLC

Bailey Mine 192 Crabapple Road Wind Ridge, PA 15380

April 16, 2018

Department of Environmental Protection Office of Oil and Gas 601 57th Street Charleston, WV 25320

To Whom It May Concern;

As per the Division of Environmental Protection, Office of Oil and Gas request, Consol PA Coal Company LLC submits the following procedures utilizing pit waste.

Upon submitting a well work application (without a general permit for Oil and Gas Pit Waste Discharge Application) Consol PA Coal Company will construct no pits, but instead will use mud tanks to contain all drilling muds.

Once the well is completed, that material (minus the cave material) will be trucked to PA DEP facility number CMAP30020701.

If you have any questions please feel free to contact me at 724-663-7165.

Sincerely.

Matthew Ruckle

Project Engineer

Consol PA Coal Company LLC

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WV Department of Environmental Protection

WW-9- GPP Rev. 5/16

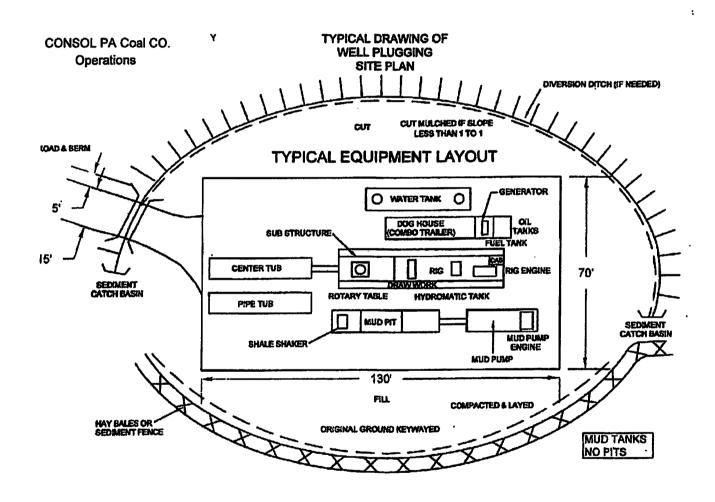
Page	of 2	
API Number 47 - 051	- 01057	
Operator's Well No.		

STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION OFFICE OF OIL AND GAS

W	atershed (HUC 10): Wheeling Creek	Quad: Majorsville, WV 7.5'
a	rm Name:	
	List the procedures used for the treatment and discharge groundwater.	of fluids. Include a list of all operations that could contaminate the
 - -	Describe procedures and equipment used to protect groun	ndwater quality from the list of potential contaminant sources above.
		body, and distance from closest Well Head Protection Area to the
	discharge area.	
	Summarize all activities at your facility that are already re	regulated for groundwater protection.
		Office of Oil and Ga
		WV Department of Environmental Protect

5. Discuss any existing groundwater quality data for your facility or an adjacent property.

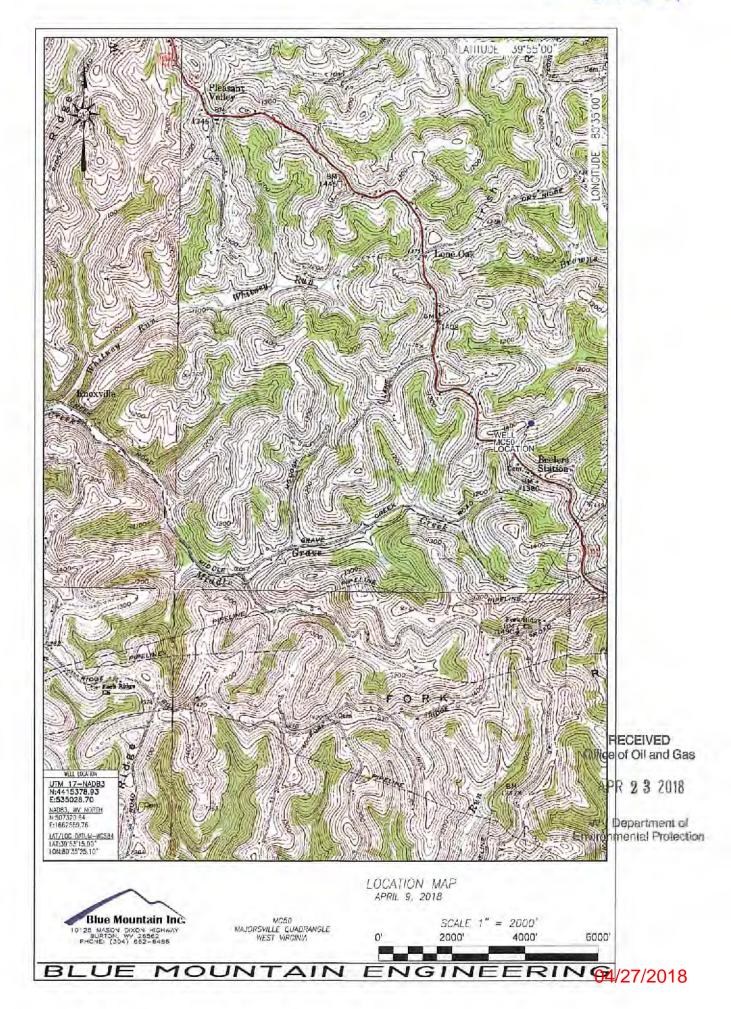
WW-9- GPP Rev. 5/16	Page 2 of 2 API Number 47 - 051 - 01057 Operator's Well No.
6. Provide a statement that no waste material will b	be used for deicing or fill material on the property.
7. Describe the groundwater protection instruction provide direction on how to prevent groundwate	n and training to be provided to the employees. Job procedures shall er contamination.
8. Provide provisions and frequency for inspection	s of all GPP elements and equipment.
	RECEIVED Office of Oil and Gas
Signature:	APR 2 3 2018
Date	WV Department of Environmental Protection



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Office of Oil and Gas

APR 23 2018

WV Department of Environmental Protection



WW-7 8-30-06



West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection Office of Oil and Gas WELL LOCATION FORM: GPS

WELL LUCATION	V FURIVI: GPS
_{API:} 47-051-01057	WELL NO.: MC-50P
FARM NAME: Moninger	
RESPONSIBLE PARTY NAME: Consol	Pennsylvania Coal Co.
COUNTY: Marshall	DISTRICT: Webster
QUADRANGLE: Majorsville	
SURFACE OWNER: Calvin K. Moni	nger, et ux
ROYALTY OWNER:	
UTM GPS NORTHING: 4415378.93	m (1388.73')
UTM GPS NORTHING: 4415378.93 UTM GPS EASTING: 535028.70 m	GPS ELEVATION: 423.28 m
The Responsible Party named above has chosen preparing a new well location plat for a plugging above well. The Office of Oil and Gas will not at the following requirements: 1. Datum: NAD 1983, Zone: 17 North, height above mean sea level (MSL) – 2. Accuracy to Datum – 3.05 meters 3. Data Collection Method: Survey grade GPS X: Post Processed Difference of the property of the processed Difference of the property of the processed Difference of the	g permit or assigned API number on the ccept GPS coordinates that do not meet Coordinate Units: meters, Altitude: - meters.
Real-Time Differer	ntial X RECEIVED Office of Oil and Gas
Mapping Grade GPS: Post Processed I	Differential
4. Letter size copy of the topography of the undersigned, hereby certify this data is combelief and shows all the information required by	map showing the well location. WV Department of ect to the best of my knowledge and Environmental Protection