

west virginia department of environmental protection

Office of Oil and Gas 601 57th Street, S.E. Charleston, WV 25304 (304) 926-0450 fax: (304) 926-0452

Austin Caperton, Cabinet Secretary www.dep.wv.gov

Thursday, December 6, 2018 WELL WORK PLUGGING PERMIT Coal Bed Methane Well Plugging

CONSOLIDATION COAL COMPANY 1 BRIDGE STREET

MONONGAH, WV 265540000

Re: Permit approval for L-4 47-061-01406-00-00

This well work permit is evidence of permission granted to perform the specified well work at the location described on the attached pages and located on the attached plat, subject to the provisions of Chapter 22 of the West Virginia Code of 1931, as amended, and all rules and regulations promulgated thereunder, and to any additional specific conditions and provisions outlined in the pages attached hereto. Notification shall be given by the operator to the Oil and Gas Inspector at least 24 hours prior to the construction of roads, locations, and/or pits for any permitted work. In addition, the well operator shall notify the same inspector 24 hours before any actual well work is commenced and prior to running and cementing casing. Spills or emergency discharges must be promptly reported by the operator to 1-800-642-3074 and to the Oil and Gas Inspector.

Upon completion of the plugging well work, the above named operator will reclaim the site according to the provisions of WV Code 22-6-30. Please be advised that form WR-38, Affidavit of Plugging and Filling Well, is to be submitted to this office within 90 days of completion of permitted well work, as should form WR-34 Discharge Monitoring Report within 30 days of discharge of pits, if applicable. Failure to abide by all statutory and regulatory provisions governing all duties and operations hereunder may result in suspension or revocation of this permit and, in addition, may result in civil and/or criminal penalties being imposed upon the operators.

Per 35 CSR 4-5.2.g this permit will expire in two (2) years from the issue date unless permitted well work is commenced. If there are any questions, please feel free to contact me at (304) 926-0450.

James A. Martin

Chief

Operator's Well Number: L-4

CONSOLIDATION COAL CO. Farm Name:

U.S. WELL NUMBER: 47-061-01406-00-00

Coal Bed Methane Well Plugging Date Issued: 12/6/2018

PERMIT CONDITIONS

West Virginia Code §22-6-11 allows the Office of Oil and Gas to place specific conditions upon this permit. Permit conditions have the same effect as law. Failure to adhere to the specified permit conditions may result in enforcement action.

CONDITIONS

- 1. All pits must be lined with a minimum of 20 mil thickness synthetic liner.
- 2. In the event of an accident or explosion causing loss of life or serious personal injury in or about the well or while working on the well, the well operator or its contractor shall give notice, stating the particulars of the accident or explosion, to the oil and gas inspector and the Chief within twenty-four (24) hours.
- 3. Well work activities shall not constitute a hazard to the safety of persons.

WW-4B Rev. 2/01

1) Date	SEPTEM	IBER 2	В,	20	18
2) Operat	cor's				
Well I	No.	L	4		
3) API We	ell No.	. 47-	180		D1406

STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION OFFICE OF OIL AND GAS

	ADDITIONATION FOR A DECIMAL	THE MO DING AND ADAMBON
4)	Well Type: Oil/ Gas _X / Liquid	erground storage) Deep/ Shallow
5)	Location: Elevation 1236.80' District Battelle	Watershed South Fork of West Virginia Fork of Dunkard Creek County Monongalia Quadrangle HUNDRED, WV,PA 7.5'
6)	Well Operator CONSOLIDATION COAL COMPANY Address 1 BRIDGE STREET MONONGAH, WV 26554	7) Designated Agent DAVID RODDY Address 1 BRIDGE STREET MONONGAH, WV 26554
8)	Oil and Gas Inspector to be notified Name Gayne J. Knitowski Address P.O. Box 108 Gormania, WV 26720	9)Plugging Contractor NameAddress
10)	Work Order: The work order for the manning Set Exhibit #1 E MSIJA 101 C EXEMPTION	SEE APT 47-061-01501C WELL LAA FOR INFORMATION ON THE LATERAL WELL-BORES. 9MM
E300230079230		
	ification must be given to the district o	oil and gas inspector 24 hours before permitted
Wor	k order approved by inspector Hayne	9 KDD Date 10/24/2018

EXHIBIT No. 1 CBM

Consolidation Coal Company will utilize the following methods to plug Horizontally drilled CBM well L-4.

- 1. Move in and rig up.
- 2. Remove all sucker rods, pump jack and tubing from L-4 production well.
- 3. Attempt to pull 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ " production casing (at least 150% of string weight). This string is cemented to the surface and will probably not come out of the wellbore.
- 4. Spot gel and set bottom hole cement plug with Class A cement from 2194' to 1266' which is 200' below the Pittsburgh Coal.
- 5. Set intermediate cement plug from 1235' to just below the Pittsburgh Coal with expanding cement.
- 6. Infuse the laterals with enough water, gel or expanding cement to fill the more than 13,500 feet of lateral wellbore.
- 7. After mine-through, set a bridge plug just above the mined out Pittsburgh Coal seam and cement to surface with expanding Class A cement.
- 8. Install a monument of a minimum of 6" diameter casing from 10 feet below grade to 30 inches above grade and fill it with cement. Must be in accordance with the WV State Code.
- 9. Reclaim site as soon as possible.
 - If the laterals are filled with water only, then you must use an active pressure management system while mining through the Pittsburgh Coal, per MSHA 101C exemption for this mine.

2 Nm 12/04/2018

U.S. Department of Labor

Mine Safety and Health Administration 201 12th Street South Arlington, Virginia 22202-5452



FE3 = 9 2013

In the matter of:

The Marion County Coal Company

Marion County Mine

I.D. No. 46-01433

MSHA 101C EXEMPTION Petition for Modification

Docket No. M-2017-012-C

Proposed Decision and Order

On May 15, 2017, a petition was filed seeking a modification of the application of 30 C.F.R. § 75.1700 to Petitioner's Marion County Mine located in Marion County, West Virginia. The petitioner alleges that the alternative method outlined in the petition will at all times guarantee no less than the same measure of protection afforded by the standard.

Section 30 C.F.R. § 75.1700 provides:

Each operator of a coal mine shall take reasonable measures to locate oil and gas wells penetrating coalbeds or any underground area of a coal mine. When located, such operator shall establish and maintain barriers around such oil and gas wells in accordance with State laws and regulations, except that such barriers shall not be less than 300 feet in diameter, unless the Secretary or his authorized representative permits a lesser barrier consistent with the applicable State laws and regulations where such lesser barrier will be adequate to protect against hazards from such wells to the miners in such mine, or unless the Secretary or his authorized representative requires a greater barrier where the depth of the mine, other geologic conditions, or other factors warrant such a greater barrier.

The extraction of methane from coal seams and surrounding strata is a rapidly growing component of the domestic natural gas supply. Recent innovations in drilling techniques have resulted in development of several types of wells and production methods to extract coalbed methane (CBM) resources. Drill holes are deviated in both the horizontal and vertical planes using these techniques. These techniques differ from vertical gas wells and require different techniques in order to plug the wells. Procedures to address the potential hazards presented by CBM wells must be implemented to protect the coal miners who will be exposed to these wells.

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When coal mines intersect inadequately plugged CBM wells, methane inundations, ignitions and explosions are possible.

The alternative method proposed by Petitioner would include well plugging procedures, water infusion and ventilation methods, and procedures for mining through each CBM well and/or its branches.

Finding of Fact and Conclusion of Law

The Marion County Mine is an underground coal mine that operates in the Pittsburgh 8 coal seam. The mine employs 512 people, and operates three production shifts per day, five days per week. The mine currently operates three MMUs and a longwall. The coal bed is approximately 84 inches in height and the mine currently has nine air shafts utilizing exhaust ventilation fans. The mine has one slope located in Fairview, West Virginia, where the coal is belted out of the mine, sized, cleaned and then loaded into train railcars at the preparation plant. The mine liberates approximately 6,346,986 cubic feet of methane in 24 hours.

The miners are represented by a labor union with miners' representative.

Consol Energy extracts CBM from the coal seam prior to mining in order to reduce methane emissions and, thus, the incidence of face ignitions. The wells are drilled from the surface using directional drilling technology to develop horizontal branches within the coal seam being mined. Drill holes may be deviated in both the horizontal and vertical planes using these techniques. Multiple horizontal branches may be developed from a single well and multiple seams may be developed from a single well. The drilling industry has trademarked several different proprietary names for these drilling processes. For purposes of this Order, these proprietary drilling processes will be referred to as generic "surface directional drilled" (SDD) wells.

On July 6, 2017, MSHA conducted an investigation of Marion County Mine petition and filed a report of its findings and recommendations with the Administrator for Coal Mine Safety and Health. Based on information gathered during the investigation, MSHA evaluated the Petitioner's proposed alternative method and, as amended by the terms and conditions of MSHA, concluded that it would provide the same measure of protection afforded by 30 C.F.R. § 75.1700. The alternative method has been successfully used to prepare CBM wells for safe intersection by using one or more of the following methods: (1) Cement Plug, (2) Polymer Gel, (3) Bentonite Gel, (4) Active Pressure Management and Water Infusion, and (5) Remedial Work. The alternate method will prevent the CBM well methane from entering the underground mine.

Petitioner's proposed alternative method includes provisions from previously approved petition requests that permit a smaller barrier and/or permit mining through properly plugged oil and gas wells.

These alternative methods have proven safe and effective when properly implemented. In addition, Marion County Mine's petition request also includes additional provisions that are specific to SDD wells.

Accordingly, after a review of the entire record, including the petition and MSHA's investigative report, The Marion County Coal Company is granted a modification of the application of 30 C.F.R. § 75.1700 to its Marion County Mine, and this Proposed Decision and Order (PDO) is issued.

ORDER

Wherefore, pursuant to the authority delegated by the Secretary of Labor to the Administrator for Coal Mine Safety and Health, and pursuant to Section 101(c) of the Federal Mine Safety and Health Act of 1977, 30 U.S.C. § 811(c), and 30 C.F.R. Part 44, a modification of the application of 30 C.F.R. § 75.1700 at the Marion County Mine is hereby:

GRANTED, to allow mining within or through the 300 foot barrier around SDD oil and gas wells, conditioned upon compliance with the following terms and conditions:

1. <u>DISTRICT MANAGER APPROVAL REQUIRED</u>

A minimum working barrier of 300 feet in diameter shall be maintained around all SDD wells until approval to proceed with mining has been obtained from the District Manager. This barrier extends around all vertical and horizontal branches drilled in the coal seam. This barrier also extends around all vertical and horizontal branches within overlying coal seams subject to caving or subsidence from the coal seam being mined when methane leakage through the subsidence zone is possible. The District Manager may choose to approve each branch intersection, each well, or a group of wells as applicable to the conditions. The District Manager may require a certified review of the proposed methods to prepare the SDD wells for intersection by a professional engineer in order to assess the applicability of the proposed system(s) to the mine-specific conditions.

2. MANDATORY PROCEDURES FOR PREPARING, PLUGGING, AND REPLUGGING SDD WELLS

a. <u>MANDATORY COMPUTATIONS AND ADMINISTRATIVE</u> PROCEDURES PRIOR TO PLUGGING OR REPLUGGING

- 1. <u>Probable Error of Location</u> - Directional drilling systems rely on sophisticated angular measurement systems and computer models to calculate the estimated location of the well bore. This estimated hole location is subject to cumulative measurement errors so that the distance between actual and estimated location of the well bore increases with the depth of the hole. Modern directional drilling systems are typically accurate within one or two degrees depending on the specific equipment and techniques. The probable error of location is defined by a cone described by the average accuracy of angular measurement around the length of the hole. For example: a hole that is drilled 500 vertical feet and deviated into a coal seam at a depth of 700 feet would have a probable error of location at a point that is 4,000 feet from the hole collar (about 2,986 ft. horizontally from the well collar) of 69.8 ft. (4,000 ft. x sine (1.0 degree)) if the average accuracy of angular measurement was one degree and 139.6 ft if the average accuracy of angular measurement was two degrees. In addition to the probable error of location, the true hole location is also affected by underground survey errors, surface survey errors, and random survey errors.
- 2. Minimum Working Barrier Around Well - For purposes of this Order, the minimum working barrier around any coalbed methane well or branches of a coalbed methane well in the coal seam is 50 feet plus the probable error of location. For example: for a hole that is drilled 500 vertical feet and deviated into a coal seam at a depth of 700 feet using drilling equipment that has an average accuracy of angular measurement of one degree, the probable error of location at a point that is 4,000 feet from the hole collar is 69.8 ft. Therefore, the minimum working barrier around this point of the well bore is 120 ft. (69.8 ft. plus 50 ft., rounded up to the nearest foot). The 50 additional feet is a reasonable separation between the probable location of the well and mining operations. When mining is within the minimum working barrier distance from a coalbed methane well or branch, the mine operator must comply with the provisions of this Order.

Coalbed methane wells must be prepared in advance for safe intersection and specific procedures must be followed on the mining section in order to protect the miners when mining within this minimum working barrier around the well.

The District Manager may require a greater minimum working barrier around coalbed methane wells where geologic conditions, historical location errors, or other factors warrant a greater barrier.

- 3. Ventilation Plan Requirements - The ventilation plan shall contain a description of all SDD coalbed methane wells drilled in the area to be mined. This description should include the well numbers, the date drilled, the diameter, the casing information, the coal seams developed, maximum depth of the wells, abandonment pressures, and any other information required by the District Manager. All or part of this information may be listed on the 30 C.F.R. § 75.372 map. The ventilation plan shall include the techniques that the mine operator plans to use to prepare the SDD wells for safe intersection, the specifications and steps necessary to implement these techniques, and the required operational precautions that are required when mining within the minimum working barrier. In addition, the ventilation plan will contain any additional information or provisions related to the SDD wells required by the District Manager.
- Ventilation Map The ventilation map specified in 30 C.F.R.
 § 75.372 shall contain the following information:
 - i. The surface location of all coalbed methane wells in the active mining area and any projected mining area as specified in 30 C.F.R. § 75.372(b)(14);
 - ii. Identifying information of coalbed methane wells (i.e. API hole number or equivalent);
 - iii. The date that gas production began from the well;
 - iv. The coal seam intersection of all coalbed methane wells;
 - v. The horizontal extents in the coal seam of all coalbed methane wells and branches;
 - vi. The outline of the probable error of location of all coalbed methane wells; and
 - vii. The date of mine intersection and the distance between estimated and actual locations for all intersections of the coalbed methane well and branches.

b. MANDATORY PROCEDURES FOR PLUGGING OR REPLUGGING SDD WELLS

The mine operator shall include one of more of the following methods to prepare SDD wells for safe intersection in the mine ventilation plan. The methods approved in the ventilation plan must be completed on each SDD well before mining encroaches on the minimum working barrier around the well or branch of the well in the coal seam being mined. If methane leakage through subsidence cracks is a problem when retreat mining, the minimum working barrier must be maintained around wells and branches in overlying coal seams or the wells and branches must be prepared for safe intersection as specified in the mine ventilation plan.

1. Cement Plug - Cement may be used to fill the entire SDD hole system. Squeeze cementing techniques are necessary for SDD plugging due to the lack of tubing in the hole. Cement should fill void spaces and eliminate methane leakage along the hole. Once the cement has cured, the SDD system may be intersected multiple times without further hole preparation. Gas cutting occurs if the placement pressure of the cement is less than the methane pressure in the coal seam. Under these conditions, gas will bubble out of the coal seam and into the unset cement creating a pressurized void or series of interconnected pressurized voids. Water cutting occurs when formation water and standing water in the hole invades or displaces the unset cement. Standing water has to be bailed out of the hole or driven into the formation with compressed gas to minimize water cutting. The cement pressure must be maintained higher than the formation pressure until the cement sets to minimize both gas and water cutting. The cementing program in the ventilation plan must address both gas and water cutting.

Due to the large volume to be cemented and potential problems with cement setting prior to filling the entire SDD system, adequately sized pumping units with back-up capacity must be used. Various additives such as retarders, lightweight extenders, viscosity modifiers, thixotropic modifiers, and fly ash may be used in the cement mix. The volume of cement pumped should exceed the estimated hole volume to ensure the complete filling of all voids. The complete cementing program, including hole dewatering, cement, additives, pressures, pumping times and equipment must be specified in the ventilation plan.

The material safety data sheets (MSDS) for all cements, additives and components and any personal protective equipment and techniques to protect workers from the potentially harmful effects of the cement and cement components should be included in the ventilation plan. Records of cement mixes, cement quantities, pump pressures, and flow rates and times should be retained for each hole plugged.

SDD holes may be plugged with cement years in advance of mining. However, the District Manager shall require suitable documentation of the cement plugging in order to approve mining within the minimum working barrier around coalbed methane wells.

2. Polymer Gel - Polymer gels start out as low viscosity, water-based mixtures of organic polymers that are crosslinked using time-delayed activators to form a water-insoluble, high-viscosity gel after being pumped into the SDD system. Although polymer gel systems never solidify, the activated gel should develop sufficient strength to resist gas flow. A gel that is suitable for treating SDD wells for mine intersection will reliably fill the SDD system and prevent gas-filled voids. Any gel chemistry used for plugging SDD wells should be resistant to bacterial and chemical degradation and remain stabile for the duration of mining through a SDD system.

Water may dilute the gel mixture to the point where it will not set to the required strength. Water in the holes should be removed before injecting the gel mixture. Water removal can be accomplished by conventional bailing and then injecting compressed gas to squeeze the water that accumulates in low spots back into the formation. Gas pressurization should be continued until the hole is dry. Another potential problem with gels is that dissolved salts in the formation waters may interfere with the cross-linking reactions. Any proposed gel mixtures must be tested with actual formation waters.

Equipment to mix and pump gels should have adequate capacity to fill the hole before the gel sets. Back-up units should be available in case something breaks while pumping. The volume of gel pumped should exceed the estimated hole volume to ensure the complete filling of all voids and allow for gel to infiltrate the joints in the coal seam surrounding the hole. Gel injection and setting pressures should be specified in the ventilation plan.

To reduce the potential for an inundation of gel, the final level of gel should be close to the level of the coal seam and the remainder of the hole should remain open to the atmosphere until mining in the vicinity of the SDD system is completed. Packers may be used to isolate portions of the SDD system.

The complete polymer gel program, including advance testing of the gel with formation water, dewatering systems, gel specifications, gel quantities, gel placement, pressures, and pumping equipment must be specified in the ventilation plan. The MSDS for all gel components and any personal protective equipment and techniques to protect workers from the potentially harmful effects of the gel and gel components should be included in the ventilation plan. A record of the calculated hole volume, gel quantities, gel formulation, pump pressures, and flow rates and times should be retained for each hole that is treated with gel. Other gel chemistries other than organic polymers may be included in the ventilation plan with appropriate methods, parameters, and safety precautions.

3. Bentonite Gel – High-pressure injection of bentonite gel into the SDD system will infiltrate the cleat and butt joints of the coal seam near the well bore and effectively seal these conduits against the flow of methane. Bentonite gel is a thixotropic fluid that sets when it stops moving. Bentonite gel has a significantly lower setting viscosity than polymer gel. While the polymer gel fills and seals the borehole, the lower strength bentonite gel must penetrate the fractures and jointing in the coal seam in order to be effective in reducing formation permeability around the hole. The use of bentonite gel is restricted to depleted CBM applications that have low abandonment pressures and limited recharge potential. In general, these applications will be mature CBM fields with long production histories.

A slug of water should be injected prior to the bentonite gel in order to minimize moisture-loss bridging near the well bore. The volume of gel pumped should exceed the estimated hole volume to ensure that the gel infiltrates the joints in the coal seam for several feet surrounding the hole. Due to the large gel volume and potential problems with premature thixotropic setting, adequately sized pumping units with back-up capacity are required.

Additives to the gel may be required to modify viscosity, reduce filtrates, reduce surface tension, and promote sealing of the cracks and joints around the hole. To reduce the potential for an inundation of bentonite gel, the final level of gel should be approximately the elevation of the coal seam and the remainder of the hole should remain open to the atmosphere until mining in the vicinity of the SDD system is completed. If a water column is used to pressurize the gel, it must be bailed down to the coal seam elevation prior to intersection.

The complete bentonite gel program, including formation infiltration and permeability reduction data, hole pretreatment, gel specifications, additives, gel quantities flow rates, injection pressures and infiltration times, must be specified in the ventilation plan. The ventilation plan should list the equipment used to prepare and pump the gel. The MSDS for all gel components and any personal protective equipment and techniques to protect workers from the potentially harmful effects of the gel and additives should be included in the ventilation plan. A record of hole preparation, gel quantities, gel formulation, pump pressures, and flow rates and times should be retained for each hole that is treated with bentonite gel.

4. Active Pressure Management and Water Infusion - Reducing the pressure in the hole to less than atmospheric pressure by operating a vacuum blower connected to the wellhead may facilitate safe intersection of the hole by a coal mine. The negative pressure in the hole will limit the quantity of methane released into the higher pressure mine atmosphere. If the mine intersection is near the end of a horizontal branch of the SDD system, air will flow from the mine into the upstream side of the hole and be exhausted through the blower on the surface. On the downstream side of the intersection, if the open hole length is short, the methane emitted from this side of the hole may be diluted to safe levels with ventilation air. Conversely, safely intersecting this system near the bottom of the vertical hole may not be possible because the methane emissions from the multiple downstream branches may be too great to dilute with ventilation air. The methane emission rate is directly proportional to the length of the open hole. Successful application of vacuum systems may be limited by caving of the hole or water collected in dips in the SDD system.

Another important factor in the success of vacuum systems is the methane liberation rate of the coal formation around the well—older, more depleted wells that have lower methane emission rates are more amenable to this technique. The remaining methane content and the formation permeability should be addressed in the ventilation plan.

Packers may be used to reduce methane inflow into the coal mine after intersection. All packers on the downstream side of the hole must be equipped with a center pipe so that the inby methane pressure may be measured or so that water may be injected. Subsequent intersections should not take place if pressure in a packer-sealed hole is excessive. Alternatively, methane produced by the downstream hole may be piped to an in-mine degas system to safely transport the methane out of the mine or may be piped to the return air course for dilution. In-mine methane piping should be protected as stipulated in "Piping Methane in Underground Coal Mines," MSHA IR 1094, (1978). Protected methane diffusion zones may be established in return air courses if needed. Detailed sketches and safety precautions for methane collection, piping and diffusion systems must be included in the ventilation plan (30 C.F.R. § 75.371(ee)).

Water infusion prior to intersecting the well will temporarily limit methane flow. Water infusion may also help control coal dust levels during mining. High water infusion pressures may be obtained prior to the initial intersection by the hydraulic head resulting from the hole depth or by pumping. Water infusion pressures for subsequent intersections are limited by leakage around in-mine packers and limitations of the mine water distribution system. If water is infused prior to the initial intersection, the water level in the hole shall not be more than 100 feet before the intersection.

The complete pressure management strategy including negative pressure application, wellhead equipment, and use of packers, inmine piping, methane dilution, and water infusion must be specified in the ventilation plan. Procedures for controlling methane in the downstream hole must be specified in the ventilation plan. The remaining methane content and formation permeability should be addressed in the ventilation plan. The potential for the coal seam to cave into the well should be addressed in the ventilation plan. Dewatering methods should be included in the ventilation plan.

A record of the negative pressures applied to the system, methane liberation, use of packers and any water infusion pressures and application time should be retained for each intersection.

5. Remedial work – If problems are encountered in preparing the holes for safe intersection, then remedial measures must be taken to protect the miners. For example: if only one-half of the calculated hole volume of cement could be placed into a SDD well due to hole blockage, holes should be drilled near each branch that will be intersected and squeeze cemented using pressures sufficient to fracture into the potentially empty SDD holes. The District Manager will approve remedial work in the ventilation plan on a case-by-case basis.

3. MANDATORY PROCEDURES AFTER APPROVAL HAS BEEN GRANTED BY THE DISTRICT MANAGER TO MINE WITHIN THE MINIMUM WORKING BARRIER AROUND THE WELL OR BRANCH OF THE WELL

- a. The mine operator, the District Manager, the miners' representative, or the State may request a conference prior to any intersection or after any intersection to discuss issues or concerns. Upon receipt of any such request, the District Manager shall schedule a conference. The party requesting the conference shall notify all other parties listed above within a reasonable time prior to the conference to provide opportunity for participation.
- b. The mine operator must notify the District Manager, the State and the miners' representative at least 48 hours prior to the intended intersection of any coalbed methane well.
- c. The initial intersection of a well or branch of a well typically has a higher risk than subsequent intersections. The initial intersection typically indicates if the well preparation is sufficient to prevent the inundation of methane. For the initial intersection of a well or branch, the following procedures are mandatory:
 - When mining advances within the minimum barrier distance of the well or branches of the well, the entries that will intersect the well or branches must be posted with a readily visible marking. For longwalls, both the head and tailgate entries must be so marked. Marks must be advanced to within 100 feet of the working face as mining progresses.

Marks will be removed after well or branches are intersected in each entry or after mining has exited the minimum barrier distance of the well.

- 2. Entries that will intersect vertical segments of a well shall be marked with drivage sights in the last open crosscut when mining is within 100 feet of the well. When a vertical segment of a well will be intersected by a longwall, drivage sights shall be installed on 10-foot centers starting 50 feet in advance of the anticipated intersection. Drivage sights shall be installed in both the headgate and tailgate entries of the longwall.
- 3. The operator shall ensure that fire-fighting equipment, including fire extinguishers, rock dust, and sufficient fire hose to reach the working face area of the mine-through (when either the conventional or the continuous mining method is used) is available and operable during all well mine-throughs. The fire hose shall be located in the last open crosscut of the entry or room. The operator shall maintain the water line to the belt conveyor tailpiece along with a sufficient amount of fire hose to reach the farthest point of penetration on the section. When the longwall mining method is used, a hose to the longwall water supply is sufficient. All fire hoses shall be connected and ready for use, but do not have to be charged with water, during the cut-through.
- 4. The operator shall ensure that sufficient supplies of roof support and ventilation materials are available at the working section. In addition, emergency plugs, packers, and setting tools to seal both sides of the well or branch shall be available in the immediate area of the cut-through.
- 5. When mining advances within the minimum working barrier distance from the well or branch of the well, the operator shall service all equipment and check for permissibility at least once daily. Daily permissibility examinations must continue until the well or branch is intersected or until mining exits the minimum working barrier around the well or branch.
- 6. When mining advances within the minimum working barrier distance from the well or branch of the well, the operator shall calibrate the methane monitor(s) on the longwall, continuous mining machine, or cutting machine and loading machine at least once daily.

Daily methane monitor calibration must continue until the well or branch is intersected or until mining exits the minimum working barrier around the well or branch.

- 7. When mining is in progress, the operator shall perform tests for methane with a handheld methane detector at least every 10 minutes from the time that mining with the continuous mining machine or longwall face is within the minimum working barrier around the well or branch. During the cutting process, no individual shall be allowed on the return side until the minethrough has been completed and the area has been examined and declared safe. The shearer must be idle when any miners are inby the tail drum.
- 8. When using continuous or conventional mining methods, the working place shall be free from accumulations of coal dust and coal spillages, and rock dust shall be placed on the roof, rib, and floor within 20 feet of the face when mining through the well or branch. On longwall sections, rock dust shall be applied on the roof, rib, and floor up to both the headgate and tailgate pillared area.
- 9. Immediately after the well or branch is intersected, the operator shall de-energize all equipment, and the certified person shall thoroughly examine and determine the working place safe before mining is resumed.
- 10. After a well or branch has been intersected and the working place determined safe, mining shall continue inby the well a sufficient distance to permit adequate ventilation around the area of the well or branch.
- 11. No open flame shall be permitted in the area until adequate ventilation has been established around the well bore or branch. Any casing, tubing or stuck tools will be removed using the methods approved in the ventilation plan.
- 12. No person shall be permitted in the area of the mine-through operation inby the last open crosscut during active mining except those actually engaged in the operation, including company personnel, representatives of the miners, personnel from MSHA, and personnel from the appropriate State agency.

- 13. The operator shall warn all personnel in the mine to the planned intersection of the well or branch prior to their going underground if the planned intersection is to occur during their shift. This warning shall be repeated for all shifts until the well or branch has been intersected.
- 14. The mine-through operation shall be under the direct supervision of a certified person. Instructions concerning the mine-through operation shall be issued only by the certified person in charge.
- 15. All miners shall be in known locations and in constant two-way communications with the responsible person under 30 C.F.R. § 75.1501 when active mining occurs within the minimum working barrier of the well or branch.
- 16. The responsible person required under 30 C.F.R. § 75.1501 is responsible for well intersection emergencies. The well intersection procedures must be reviewed by the responsible person prior to any planned intersection.
- 17. A copy of the order shall be maintained at the mine and be available to the miners.
- 18. The provisions of this order do not impair the authority of representatives of MSHA to interrupt or halt the mine-through operation and to issue a withdrawal order when they deem it necessary for the safety of the miners. MSHA may order an interruption or cessation of the mine-through operation and/or a withdrawal of personnel by issuing either a verbal or a written order to that effect to a representative of the operator, which order shall include the basis for the order. Operations in the affected area of the mine may not resume until a representative of MSHA permits resumption of mine-through operations. The mine operator and miners shall comply with verbal or written MSHA orders immediately. All verbal orders shall be committed to writing within a reasonable time as conditions permit.
- d. For subsequent intersections of branches of a well, appropriate procedures to protect the miners shall be specified in the ventilation plan.

4. MANDATORY PROCEDURES AFTER SDD INTERSECTIONS

- a. All intersections with SDD wells and branches that are in intake air courses shall be examined as part of the pre-shift examinations required under 30 C.F.R. § 75.360.
- b. All other intersection with SDD wells and branches shall be examined as part of the weekly examinations required under 30 C.F.R. § 75.364.

5. OTHER REQUIREMENTS

- a. Within 30 days after this Order becomes final, the operator shall submit proposed revisions for its approved 30 C.F.R. Part 48 training plan to the District Manager. These proposed revisions shall include initial and refresher training regarding compliance with the terms and conditions stated in the Order. The operator shall provide all miners involved in the mine-through of a well or branch with training regarding the requirements of this Order prior to mining within the minimum working barrier of the next well or branch intended to be mined through.
- b. Within 30 days after this Order becomes final, the operator shall submit proposed revisions for its approved mine emergency evacuation and firefighting program of instruction required by 30 C.F.R § 75.1502. The operator shall revise the program to include the hazards and evacuation procedures to be used for well intersections. All underground miners shall be trained in this revised program within 30 days of the approval of the revised mine emergency evacuation and firefighting program of instruction.

Any party to this action desiring a hearing on this matter must file in accordance with 30 C.F.R. § 44.14, within 30 days. The request for hearing must be filed with the Administrator for Coal Mine Safety and Health, 201 12th Street South, Arlington, Virginia 22202-5452.

If a hearing is requested, the request shall contain a concise summary of position on the issues of fact or law desired to be raised by the party requesting the hearing, including specific objections to the proposed decision. A party other than Petitioner who has requested a hearing may also comment upon all issues of fact or law presented in the petition, and any party to this action requesting a hearing may indicate a desired hearing site.

If no request for a hearing is filed within 30 days after service thereof, the Proposed Decision and Order will become final and must be posted by the operator on the mine bulletin board at the mine.

Timothy R. Watkins

Deputy Administrator for Coal Mine Safety and Health

Certificate of Service

Mr. Pete Simpson - General Manager The Marion County Coal Company 151 Johnny Cake Road Metz, WV 26585

petesimpson@coalsource.com

Mr. Ricky Rinehart Miner Representative 67 Cellular Drive Mannington, WV 26582

Tammi Carrington Secretary

cc: Greg J. Norman, Director Office of Miners' Health Safety & Training #7 Players Club Dr. Suite 2, Charleston WV 25311

<u>Greg.J.Norman@wv.gov</u>

bcc: District 3

OSRV

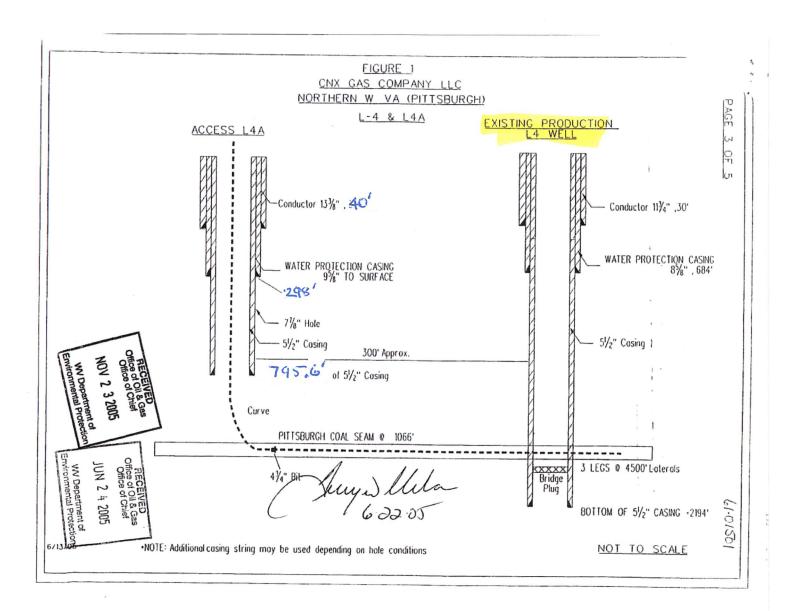
D.Braenovich

Case File

DBraenovich: 9/26/2017 Standard terms and conditions from Docket No.

M-2009-006-C

FILE COPY				
Surname	Date			



Date: API#: August 9, 2001 47-061-01406

State of West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection Office of Oil and Gas

Roviovad 4

Well Operator's Report of Well Work

Farm Name: Consolidation Coal Company	C	perator Well	No.: St. Leo	CBM No. L-4
Location: Elevation: 1236.65	Q	uadrangle:	Hundred	
District: Battelle	•	County: Mo	nongalia	
Latitude: 9183.27' Feet South of	f 39	Deg. 40	Min.	00 Sec.
Longitude: 3048.58 Feet West of	80	Deg. 22	Min.	30 Sec.
Company: Consol Energy, Inc. (North)				
	Casing & Tubing	Used In Drilling	Left In Well	Cement Fill Up Cu. Ft.
Address: 1800 Washington Road	11 3/4"	30′	30′	GRTD
Pittsburgh, PA 15241	8 5/8"	683.90'	683.90°	212
Agent: Edwin L. Merrifield	5 1/2"	2194.00′	2194.00′	431
Inspector: Randal Mick				
Date Permit Issued: 4/26/01				
Date Well Work Commenced: 5/11/01				
Date Well Work Completed: 6/18/01				
Verbal Plugging: N/A				
Date Permission granted on:			RECE	VED
Rotary Cable Rig			Office of C Permi	ting
Total Depth (feet): 2260				
Fresh Water Depth (ft.): N/A			AUG 2	2001
Salt Water Depth (ft.): N/A			W Depar Environments	Ment of
				PTOLOGUOTT
Is coal being mined in area (N/Y)? No				
Coal Depths (ft.): 624, 697, 968, 1030, 1415	, 1698, 1865 a	and 2110		
OPEN FLOW DATA REFER TO A	ATTACHM	ENTS B & C		
Producing formation	Pay zor	ne depth (ft)		
Gas: Initial open flow MCF/d	Oil: Initial		Bbl/	d
Final open flow MCF/d	Final open		Bbl/	
Time of open flow between initial and final	•	Ho	Irs	Office RECEIVE
Static rock pressure psig (surface p		—— Но	urs	d Office RECEIVED OCT ▼
Second producing formation	•	ne depth (ft)		
Gas: Initial open flow MCF/d	Oil: Initial		B b)/	dW Department of d Protection
Final open flow MCF/d	Final open	flow	Bbl/	d mental prot of
Time of open flow between initial and final	tests	Ho	urs	rotection
Static rock pressure psig (surface p		Ho	urs	
NOTE: ON BACK OF THIS FORM PUT THE FOL FRACTURING OR STIMULATING, PHY SYSTEMATIC DETAILED GEOLOGICAL ENCOUNTERED BY THE WELLBORE.	SICAL CHANG LRECORD OF	GE, ETC.; 2) TH	IE WELL LOG IONS, INCLUI	WHICH IS A DING COAL
Signed: Cocoffly Jann	unc			
By: Dill Foreme	n			
Date: 8/14/61				

ATTACHMENT A St. Leo CBM No. L-4 Drill Log

Depth	Description		
0-30	Тор		
30-624	Sand/Shale		
624-626	Coal		
643-697	Sand/Shale		
697-699	Coal (Waynesburg)		
699-968	Sand/Shale		
968-970	Coal (Sewickely)		
970-1030	Shale		
1030-1035	Coal (Pittsburgh)		
1035-1155	Sand/Shale		
1155-1300	Blue Rock (Limestone)		
1300-1415	Shale		
1415-1417	Coal (Bakerstown)		
1417-1698	Sand/Shale		
1698-1700	Coal (Middle Kittanning)		
1700-1865	Sand/Shale		
1865-1867	Coal (Lower Kittanning)		
1867-2110	Sand/Shale		
2110-2113	Coal (Quakertown)		
2113-2260 (TD)	Sand/Shale		

RECEIVED Office of Oil & Gas Permitting

AUG 2 1 2001

WV Department of Environmental Protection

ATTACHMENT B St. Leo CBM Well No. L-4 Completion

Permittee:	Consol Energy, Inc. (North)	RECEIVED Office of Oil & Gas
API Permit No.:	47-061-01406	Permitting
Company Well No.:	CBM Well No. L-4	AUG 2 1 2001
Completion Date:	06/07/2001	MACD-codmont of
Total Depth:	2245	WV Department of Environmental Protection

Coals	Zone 1 Kittanning Coals	Zone 2 Middle Freeport and Bakerstown	Zone 3 Pittsburgh	Zone 4 Redstone and Sewickley
Treatment				
Nitrogen (MSCF)	378	303	514	170
Water (BBLS)	216	138	241	134
Sand (SXS 16/30)	206	212	550	81
Top Perf.	1824	1338.5	1059	964
Bottom Perf.	1867.5	1702	1065	1030
# Perfs.	14	24	24	24
Perf Size	0.45	0.45	0.45	0.45
Break. Press.	3803	NA	842	2403
Avg. Rate	20	25	30	30
ISIP	Sanded Out	2659	2489	Sanded Out
Min	5	5	5	5
Min Press.	N/A	2027	2083	N/A
Avg. Press.	3571	3207	2578	2547
Stimulated	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Stim. Date	05/30/2001	05/30/2001	06/07/2001	06/07/2001

RECEIVED Office of Oil and Gas

OCT 1 1 2018

WV Department of Environmental Protection

ATTACHMENT C

St. Leo CBM Well No. L-4 Perforations

Permittee:	Consol Energy, Inc. (North)	RECEIVED Office of Oil & Gas Permitting
API Permit No.:	47-061-01406	
Company Well No.:	St. Leo CBM Well No. L-4	AUG 2 1 2001
Total Coal Thickness:	22.4 ft.	WV Department of Environmental Protection
_		Environmental Protection

STAGE 1

Formation	Top of Coal	Bettom of Coal	Coal Thickness	Actual Perfs
Lower Kittanning	1867.2	1867.8	0.6	
Lower Kittanning	1865.6	1866.9	1.3	1865.5-1867.5
Middle Kittanning	1824.5	1825.3	0.8	1824.0-1825.5

Total Coal 2.7

STAGE 2

Middle Freeport	1700	1702.4	2.4	1700-1702
Coal	1523.5	1524.0	0.5	1523-1524.5
Bakerstown	1416.2	1417.0	0.8	1416-1417.5
Coal	1338.9	1339.2	0.3	1338.5-1339.5

Total Coal 4.0

STAGE 3

Pittsburgh No. 8	1058.1	1065.5	7.4	1059-1065
Pittsburgh Rider	1056.1	1057.0	0.9	**Not Perfed**
Pittsburgh Rider	1052	1053.8	1.8	**Not Perfed**

Total Coal 10.1

STAGE 4

Redstone 8-A	1028.2	1029.8	1.6	1028-1030
Sewickley No. 9	964	968.0	4.0	964-968

Total Coal

5.6

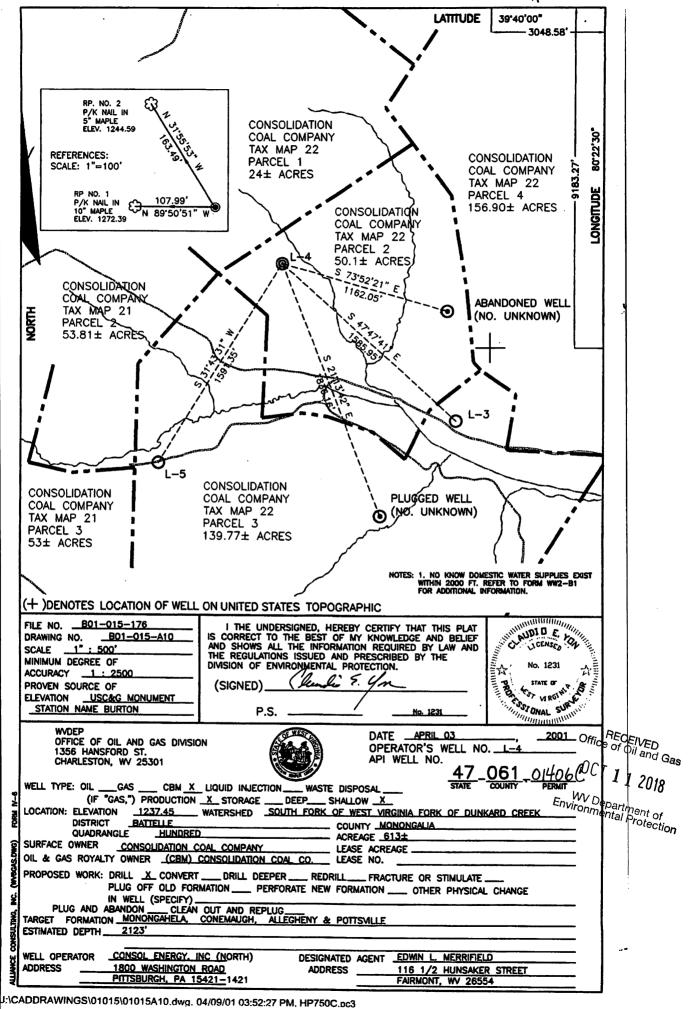
RECEIVED
Office of Oil and Gas

OCT 1 1 2018

WV Department of Environmental Properties

^{**} Perf with 4" guns, 4 Jet Shots per Foot, 120 degree Phasing

^{**} Isolate stages with FasDrill Frac Plugs



WW-4A Revised 6-07

1) Date:	SEPTEMBER 28, 2018			
2) Operator's Well Number				
	L-4			
3) API Well No.: 47 -	061 - 01406			

STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION, OFFICE OF OIL AND GAS NOTICE OF APPLICATION TO PLUG AND ABANDON A WELL

		NOTICE O				
4) Su	ırface Ow	ner(s) to be served:	5) (a) Coal Operator		
(a)	Name	CONSOL MINING COMPANY LLC.(C/O MURRAY AMERICAN ENERGY IN	Name	CONSOLIDATION COAL (00.
Ad	ldress	46226 NATIONAL RD.	*	Address	1 BRIDGE STREET	
		SAINT CLAIRSVILLE,	OH 43950		MONONGAH, WV 26554	
(b)	Name			(b) Coal Ow	ner(s) with Declarati	on
Ad	ldress	***		Name		
				Address		
(c)	Name	1.101-2		Name		
	ldress			Address		
S) Inc	pector	Gayne J. Knitowski		(c) Coal Les	see with Declaration	
	dress	P.O.Box 108		Name		
Au	u1000	Gormania, WV 26720		- Address		
То	lephone	304-546-8171				1 (2 0000)
101	repriorie			-		
	well (2) The	its and the plugging wo plat (surveyor's map) sl	ork order; and howing the well location ments is that you have rig	on on Form WW-6.		ved in the work and describes the
	well (2) The The reason However, y Take notic accompany Protection, the Applic	its and the plugging wo plat (surveyor's map) sl you received these docum you are not required to take e that under Chapter 22-6 ying documents for a perm with respect to the well at	ork order; and howing the well location that you have right any action at all. of the West Virginia Coduit to plug and abandon a vertice the location described of the mailed by registered	on on Form WW-6. this regarding the application e, the undersigned well of the order of the order of the order of certified mail or del	ation which are summarized operator proposes to file or hat Office of Oil and Gas, West on and depicted on the attach	in the instructions on the reverses side as filed this Notice and Application and Virginia Department of Environmenta ed Form WW-6. Copies of this Notice
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Oil and Gas Privacy Notice

The Office of Oil and Gas processes your personal information, such as name, address and phone number, as a part of our regulatory duties. Your personal information may be disclosed to other State agencies or third parties in the normal course of business or as needed to comply with statutory or regulatory requirements, including Freedom of Information Act requests. Our office will appropriately secure your personal information. If you have any questions about our use of your personal information, please contact DEP's Chief Privacy Officer at depprivacyoffier@wv.gov.

WW-9 (5/16)

API Number 47 -	061	. 01406
Operator's Well No.	2.4	

STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION OFFICE OF OIL AND GAS

FLUIDS/ CUTTINGS DISPOSAL & RECLAMATION PLAN

Operator Name Consolidation Coal Company OP Code 10950
Watershed (HUC 10) South Fork of West Virginia Fork of Dunkard Creek Quadrangle HUNDRED, WV,PA 7.5'
Do you anticipate using more than 5,000 bbls of water to complete the proposed well work? Yes No
Will a pit be used? Yes No V
If so, please describe anticipated pit waste:
Will a synthetic liner be used in the pit? Yes No V If so, what ml.?
Proposed Disposal Method For Treated Pit Wastes:
Land Application (if selected provide a completed form WW-9-GPP)
Underground Injection (UIC Permit Number)
Reuse (at API Number)
Off Site Disposal (Supply form WW-9 for disposal location) Other (Explain Tanks, see attached letter
Will closed loop systembe used? If so, describe: Yes. Gel circulated from tank thru well bore and returned to tank
Drilling medium anticipated for this well (vertical and horizontal)? Air, freshwater, oil based, etc. Gel or Cement
-If oil based, what type? Synthetic, petroleum, etc
Additives to be used in drilling medium? Bentonite, Bicarbonate of Soda Office of Oil and Gas
Drill cuttings disposal method? Leave in pit, landfill, removed offsite, etc. Shaker cutting buried on site. OCT 1 2018
-If left in pit and plan to solidify what medium will be used? (cement, lime, sawdust) N/A
-If left in pit and plan to solidify what medium will be used? (cement, lime, sawdust) N/A -Landfill or offsite name/permit number? N/A N/A N/A WW Department of Environmental Protection
Permittee shall provide written notice to the Office of Oil and Gas of any load of drill cuttings or associated waste rejected at any West Virginia solid waste facility. The notice shall be provided within 24 hours of rejection and the permittee shall also disclose where it was properly disposed.
I certify that I understand and agree to the terms and conditions of the GENERAL WATER POLLUTION PERMIT issued on April 1, 2016, by the Office of Oil and Gas of the West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection. I understand that the provisions of the permit are enforceable by law. Violations of any term or condition of the general permit and/or other applicable law or regulation can lead to enforcement action. I certify under penalty of law that I have personally examined and am familiar with the information submitted on this application form and all attachments thereto and that, based on my inquiry of those individuals immediately responsible for obtaining the information, I believe that the information is true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine or imprisonment. Company Official Signature Company Official Title Project Engineer
Subscribed and swom before me this day of Octoby, 20/8 Notar Public STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA TARY PUBLIC STATE OF MEST VIRGINIA STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA STATE OF W

		Operator's Wo	Operator's Well No. 4		
Proposed Revegetation Treats	ment: Acres Disturbed 1	Prevegetation pH			
Lime 3	Tons/acre or to correc		**************************************		
Fertilizer type 10-2	0-20 or equivalent	• wasterman Addresses groups groups and Addresses gr			
Fertilizer amount 50		lbs/acre			
_		Tons/acre			
		Seed Mixtures			
Ten	nporary	Perman	ent		
Seed Type	lbs/acre	Seed Type	lbs/acre		
See Attachment	160	See Attachment	100		
(L, W), and area in acres, of the	it will be land applied, provice land application area.	application (unless engineered plans includivide water volume, include dimensions (L, V	ng this info have been V, D) of the pit, and dim		
Maps(s) of road, location, pit provided). If water from the p (L, W), and area in acres, of the Photocopied section of involve Plan Approved by:	it will be land applied, provice land application area.	application (unless engineered plans includi vide water volume, include dimensions (L, V	V, D) of the pit, and dim		
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Maps(s) of road, location, pit provided). If water from the p (L, W), and area in acres, of the Photocopied section of involve Plan Approved by:	ed 7.5' topographic sheet.	vide water volume, include dimensions (L. V	V, D) of the pit, and dim		

* 1064 E MAIN HWY 60 HOUSE #2 * MOREHEAD KY 40351 * AMS # 4923



NOTICE TO CONSUMERS

"Notice: Arbitration/conciliation/mediation required by several states. Under the seed laws of several states, arbitration, mediation, or conciliation is required as a prerequisite to maintaining a legal action based upon the failure of seed, to which this action based upon the latter or seed, to which this notice is attached, to produce as represented. The consumer shall file a complaint (sworn for AR, FL, IN, MS, SC, TX, WA; signed only CA, ID, ND, SD) along with the required filing fee (where applicable) with the Commissioner/Director/Secretary of Agriculture, Seed Commissioner (IN), or Chief Agricultural Officer within such time as to permit inspection of the crops, plants, or trees by the designated agency and the seedsman from whom the seed was purchased. A copy of the complaint shall be sent to the seller by certified or registered mail or as otherwise provided by state statue."

NOTICE TO BUYER: WE WARRANT THAT SEEDS WE SELL WILL CONFORM TO THE LABEL DESCRIPTION REQUIRED UNDER STATE AND FEDERAL LAWS, WITHIN RECOGNIZED TOLERANCES. WE MAKE NO WARRANTIES, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, OF MERCHANTABILITY, HTNESS FOR PURPOSE, OR OTHERWISE, WHICH WOULD EXTEND BEYOND SUCH DESCRIPTIONS, AND IN ANY EVENT OUR LIABILITY FOR BREACH OF ANY WARRANTY OR CONTRACT WITH RESPECT TO SUCH SEED IS LIMITED TO THE PURCHASE PHICE OF SUCH I SEEDS.

MIXTURE-COASTAL LOT NO:7M1000				7H 1 989		
CROP: .58	INERT: 1.56 WEED SEED:	. 26				
KIND ANNUAL RYEGRASS ORCHARDGRASS COATING MATERIAL PERENNIAL RYEGRASS CLOVER COATING MATERIAL TIMOTHY BIRDSFOOT TREFOIL COATING MATERIAL LADING CLOVER COATING MATERIAL	VARIETY MAGNUM POTOMAC LINN NOT STATED CLIMAX NOT STATED SEMINOLE		ORG OR OR OR CAN OR	PURE 95 00 11 39 85 00 19 60 85 00 19 60 85 00 9 80 85 00 9 80 85 00 9 80 85 00 19 19 17 60 00 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	HARD . 00 . 00 . 00 . 00 . 00 7 . 00 7 . 00 25 . 00	DORM TEST .00 10/16 .00 11/16 .00 11/16 .00 11/16 .00 12/16 .00 12/16 .00 11/16 .00 11/16 .00 11/16 .00 8/16

Memo Treatments

NOXIOUS WEEDS PER LB:

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WV Department of Environmental Protection

Consolidation Coal Company Northern West Virginia Operations 1 Bridge Street Monongah, WV 26554

phone: 304-534-4748 fax: 304-534-4739

e-mail: ronnieharsh@consolenergy.com

web: www.coalsource.com

*Name: RONNIE HARSH *title: Project Engineer

April. 7, 2014

Department of Environmental Protection Office of Oil and Gas 601 57th Street, SE Charleston, WV 25304-2345 Phone: (304) 926-0499 Fax: (304) 926-0452

To Whom It May Concern:

As per the Department of Environmental Protection, Office of Oil and Gas request, Consolidation Coal Company, Northern West Virginia Operations, submits the following procedures utilizing pit waste.

Upon submitting a well work application (without general permit for Oil and Gas Pit Waste Discharge Application), Consolidation Coal Company, Northern West Virginia Operations, will construct no pits, but instead will use mud tanks to contain all drilling muds.

Once the well is completed, that material (minus the cave material) will be trucked to the next well to be plugged or to DEP impoundment facilities number U-78-83, U-104-83, or U-1011-93.

Sincerely,

Ronnie Harsh Project Engineer

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OCT 1 1 2018

WV Department of Environmental Protection WW-9- GPP Rev. 5/16

N/A

Pa	ige		_of	
API Number 47 -	061	-	01501	
Operator's Well No.	L	4		

STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION OFFICE OF OIL AND GAS GROUNDWATER PROTECTION PLAN

perator Name: Co	DNSOLIDATION COAL COMPANY	
vatershed (HUC 10):	South Fork of West Virginia Fork of Dunkard Creek	Quad: HUNDRED, WV,PA 7.5'
arm Name:		
List the procedure groundwater.	res used for the treatment and discharge of fluids. Includ	le a list of all operations that could contaminate the
Describe procedu	res and equipment used to protect groundwater quality f	from the list of potential contaminant sources above.
List the closest v	water body, distance to closest water body, and distan	ce from closest Well Head Protection Area to the
Summarize all ac	tivities at your facility that are already regulated for gro	undwater protection.
		RECEIVED Office of Oil and C
		OCT 1 1 2018
		WV Department of Environmental Protect
		· rotec

5. Discuss any existing groundwater quality data for your facility or an adjacent property.

WW-9- GPP Rev. 5/16	N/A	Page API Number 47 - 061 Operator's Well No. L 4	of - 01501
6. Provide a statement that no	o waste material will be used for deicing	g or fill material on the property.	
7. Describe the groundwater provide direction on how to	protection instruction and training to o prevent groundwater contamination.	be provided to the employees. Job pro	cedures shall
8. Provide provisions and fre	quency for inspections of all GPP eleme	nts and equipment.	
	,		Office of Oil and Gas
			OCT 1 2018 WW Department of Environmental Protection
Signature:			Protection

WW-7 8-30-06



West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection Office of Oil and Gas

WELL LOCATION FORM: GPS

47 061 0140	6		I _/	
API: 47-061-01406		WELL NO.:	L-4 	
FARM NAME: SABINA C				
RESPONSIBLE PARTY NAME:	CONSOLID	ATION COAL	COMPANY	
COUNTY: Monongalia	D)	STRICT: Batt	elle	
COUNTY: Monongalia QUADRANGLE: HUNDRE	D WV,PA	A 7.5'		
SURFACE OWNER: CONSOL MININ				
ROYALTY OWNER:			· .	
UTM GPS NORTHING: 4,38	38,138 m		(1237')	
UTM GPS NORTHING: 4,38 UTM GPS EASTING: 552,7	705 m	GPS ELEVATION	_{DN:} 377 m	
The Responsible Party named above in preparing a new well location plat for above well. The Office of Oil and Gas	nas chosen to su a plugging per	ibmit GPS coordir mit or assigned Al	PI number on the	
the following requirements: 1. Datum: NAD 1983, Zone:			ers, Altitude:	
height above mean sea leve 2. Accuracy to Datum – 3.05		ters.		
3. Data Collection Method:				
Survey grade GPSX : Post Prod			RECEIVED Office of Oil and Gas	
	ne Differential		OCT 1 1 2018	
Mapping Grade GPS: Post I	Processed Diffe	erential		
Real-	Time Different	tial	WV Department of Environmental Protection	
4. Letter size copy of the topography map showing the well location. I the undersigned, hereby certify this data is correct to the best of my knowledge and belief and shows all the information required by law and the regulations issued and prescribed by the Office of Oil and Gas.				
XB+R	Professiona	al Surveyor	SEPTEMBER 28, 2018	
Signature	Tit	le	Date	

