

west virginia department of environmental protection

Office of Oil and Gas 601 57th Street, S.E. Charleston, WV 25304 (304) 926-0450 fax: (304) 926-0452

Harold D. Ward, Cabinet Secretary www.dep.wv.gov

Monday, October 25, 2021 WELL WORK PLUGGING PERMIT Vertical Plugging

WOLF RUN MINING LLC 100 TYGART DR GRAFTON, WV 26354

Re: Permit approval for 4 47-001-01365-00-00

This well work permit is evidence of permission granted to perform the specified well work at the location described on the attached pages and located on the attached plat, subject to the provisions of Chapter 22 of the West Virginia Code of 1931, as amended, and all rules and regulations promulgated thereunder, and to any additional specific conditions and provisions outlined in the pages attached hereto. Notification shall be given by the operator to the Oil and Gas Inspector at least 24 hours prior to the construction of roads, locations, and/or pits for any permitted work. In addition, the well operator shall notify the same inspector 24 hours before any actual well work is commenced and prior to running and cementing casing. Spills or emergency discharges must be promptly reported by the operator to 1-800-642-3074 and to the Oil and Gas Inspector.

Upon completion of the plugging well work, the above named operator will reclaim the site according to the provisions of WV Code 22-6-30. Please be advised that form WR-38, Affidavit of Plugging and Filling Well, is to be submitted to this office within 90 days of completion of permitted well work, as should form WR-34 Discharge Monitoring Report within 30 days of discharge of pits, if applicable. Failure to abide by all statutory and regulatory provisions governing all duties and operations hereunder may result in suspension or revocation of this permit and, in addition, may result in civil and/or criminal penalties being imposed upon the operators.

Per 35 CSR 4-5.2.g this permit will expire in two (2) years from the issue date unless permitted well work is commenced. If there are any questions, please feel free to contact me at (304) 926-0450.

James A. Martin Chief

Operator's Well Number: 4 Farm Name: ARK LAND LLC U.S. WELL NUMBER: 47-001-01365-00-00 Vertical Plugging Date Issued: 10/25/2021

Promoting a healthy environment.



47001013658

PERMIT CONDITIONS

West Virginia Code § 22-6-11 allows the Office of Oil and Gas to place specific conditions upon this permit. Permit conditions have the same effect as law. <u>Failure to adhere to the specified permit conditions may result in enforcement action.</u>

CONDITIONS

- 1. All pits must be lined with a minimum of 20 mil thickness synthetic liner.
- 2. In the event of an accident or explosion causing loss of life or serious personal injury in or about the well or while working on the well, the well operator or its contractor shall give notice, stating the particulars of the accident or explosion, to the oil and gas inspector and the Chief within twenty-four (24) hours.
- 3. Well work activities shall not constitute a hazard to the safety of persons.

	4700101365
WW-4B Rev. 2/01	1) Date September 2 , 20 21 2) Operator's Well No. 4 3) API Well No. 47-201 -01265
DEPARTMENT OF EN	F WEST VIRGINIA
 4) Well Type: Oil/ Gas/ Lig (If "Gas, Production or 5) Location: Elevation 1338.4' 	Underground storage) Deep
District Pleasant	Watershed Hackers Creek County Barbour Quadrangle Philippi (545)
6) Well Operator Address Wolf Run Mining LLC 100 Tygart Drive Grafton, WV 26354	7) Designated Agent Charles E. Duckworth Address 100 Tygart Drive Grafton, WV 26354
B) Oil and Gas Inspector to be notified	
Name Sam Ward Address P.O. Box 2327	9) Plugging Contractor Name Coastal Drilling East, LLC

10) Work Order: The work order for the manner of plugging this well is as follows: See Exhibit Nos. 1 and 2 and MSHA 101-C Exemption

Wolf Run Mining LLC (47-001-00288)

Sentinel Mine (MSHA ID# 46-04168)

MSHA 101-C Docket No. M-2012-002-C

Appropriate coal seam top = C_{Seam}^{PION} = 957.68'; Approximate coal seam bottom = 0.1 Seam = 953.51' Approximate coal seam top = ZK Seam = 881.12'; Approximate coal seam bottom = ZK Seam = 875.34'

Notification must be given to the district oil and gas inspector 24 hours before permitted work can commence.

Work order approved by inspector

21D Waret Date 10/15/2021

EXHIBIT NO. 1

From the experience and technology developed since 1970 in plugging oil and gas wells for mining through, Wolf Run Mining LLC will utilize the following method to plug all future wells.

SOLID PLUG METHOD

- a) If active well: clean out to total depth and plug back according to state regulations to a minimum of 200 feet below lowest minable coal seam.
- b) If abandoned well: clean out to first plug 200 feet below lowest minable coal seam.

c) Circulate through tubing or drill steel an expanding cement plug from a minimum of 200 feet below minable coal seam to a point 100 feet above minable coal. ^{RECEIVED} or bit and Gas

Circulate through tubing or drill steel from 100 feet above coal seam to surfade 8 2021

A monument will be installed with API No. and stating "solid plug" Environmental Protection

THIS WELL HAS NEVER BEEN PLUGGED, SO IT IS CONSIDERED AN ACTIVE WELL.

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EXHIBIT II

Coastal Drilling East LLC • 130 Meadow Ridge Road, Mt. Morris, PA 15349

Phone 304-296-1120 Fax 304-413-0061

OCT 18 2021

"A Shaft Drillers International Company"

Mr. Chuck Duckworth Gas Well & Property Manager Arch Coal, Inc. - Leer Mine Complex 100 Tygart Drive Grafton, WV 26354

Mr. Duckworth.

Below is the proposed plugging plan we discussed that can be used on wells Below is the proposed proved for the last is a similar to the wells we have been plugging for the last is a similar to the last is a similar to the wells we have been plugging for the last is a similar to the last is a si

Plugging Plan

- Move to site, rig up, mix mud, drill rathole
- Attempt to Clean out well to original total depth (TD).
- WV Department of Environmental Protection Run cement bond log on 4 1/2" casing to determine top of cement
 - Set bottom hole cement plug as required by the WV DEP from TD to top of cement determined by the bond log.
 - Tag top of bottom hole plug to insure plug is at correct depth. Re-cement if necessary.
 - Cut and pull 4 ¹/₂" casing from the free point determined by the bond log.
 - Clean out wellbore to top of remaining 4 1/2" casing
 - Run suite of logs to determine casing size, bottom of casing, depth of coal seams, deviation of wellbore and cement bond to casing.
 - Cement hole from top of bottom hole plug to a depth within 25' of the bottom of the 8 5/8" casing.
 - If necessary cut and pull any free casing.
 - Perforate, cut, rip or mill any remaining casing at depths determined by MSHA's 101C Petition
 - Cement hole from top of intermediate plug to surface using cement required by MSHA's 101C Petition.
 - Rig down and set monument as required by WV DEP.

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..... February 20 DEPARTMENT, OF MINES, OIL AND GAS DIVISIC Datt Operator's 9H: TV Jaines linylo 6-5-4 Fell No. HELL OPERATOR S REPORT ويوز حاص 001 -ALT Welllio, OF · `18**_7**1 FRACTURING ANO/OR STIMULATING, OR- PHYS State County 7017.11 <u> zanktio</u> LLING. (Corrected, Pirmit No) Liquid Injection_ Wiste . Disposil. MLE: 011 655 / Deep ? . 1. - 1999 ! Vatershed: Hackers Creek · m: -: "Per: 7.5 Pleasant Barbour County: ·", H.L. Barnett idises, Inc. DESIGNATED, AGENT PERATON P.O. mon 48 P.O. Bo Address ddress i Buckhannon, WV 26201 Buchhannon, A 26201 . . Practure or stinulate # / Redrill _/ Drill deeper ___ TED WORT: Drill X / Convert / Perforate new formation Plug off old forpation____ Other physical change in well (specify) OIL & GAS INSPECTOR FOLLATS VORK: N/Aº · HIT ISSUED 'ON_ Hane Robert Stewart -APPLICARLS: PLUGSING OF DAY HOLE ON CONTINUOUS PROCRESSION PROX. DRILLING OR NEWORKING. VERMAL PERHISSION POTAINED P.O.Box 345 Address Jane Lew, WV .26378 Depth ______ \mathcal{D} Benson DGICAL TARGET FORMATION: Depth of completed well, -4518, Rotars X / Cable Tuble fect Water strate depth: Presh, 201, 960 reet; salt" 0 _feei. .. 28-30,54-94,190-93 Conl seam depth: 200-03,550-55,650-650-5d .1 al Letur stors in the area? 10 19_80 10/20 10/13 , and complet lork was conmenced --٠, THE AND TUBING . PROSTAN POSTAGE INTERVALS LERY FILL ON EASES 1114662 SPECIFICATIONS lac on THE TALE Weight. HTor Vestiling Weft in (Conte Test Grade 11.350 Ossis. lizo 204 11-40 **`**42 juctor o 225 sks. 0.51 910.4 × · 8,570 ERW, 23 ish water 225 Lks. 219.4 910.4 23 "×, ; 8 5/6 OEIW دی 0 . er-let12: 4246 0160 sks. 4246 10.5 × 45. 3-55 i Juct Con • 175 .• į, . . 1075 2 de. 57. 3 C ci 136 Benson FIT FLOW DATA + 41GB-723 assender th Producing formation : ... Gas: A.Stial open flow, 11:574 011: Initial open flow, 511/4 . Tinal open flow, 010 lisf/a 11:14 Tinal crin flo-. Time of open flow between initial and final tests. 4 S. Such Statte Post pressure, 1525 pute (corface plaugerons) after 15 hours shuthing -Lifiare licable due de multiple co-pleisne-) Pay scale segis. feet Second gradueing formating " Sas: Initial epon flow, ... 111 101111 5: . 12 Frint open flow.

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LS OF PERFORATED INTERVALS, FRACTURING OR STIMULATING, PHYSICAL CHANGE, LTC.

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Benson:Perforations: 4166-72 (13 holes)

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Fracturing: 100 sks. R0/100 sand: 280 sks. 20/40 sand: 600 Bbls.fluid.

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BEOLOGY UNDERLIES IT ALL "Pipeline"	Select County: (001) Barbour Enter Permit #: 01365 Get Data Reset	Select datatypes: C(Check All) C Location Production Owner/Completion Stratigraphy Pay/Show/Water Logs Btm Hole L	Table Descriptions County Code Translations Permit:Numbering Series Usage Notes Contect Information Disclaimer WVGES Main "Pigeline-Plus" New	
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There is no Wireline (E-Log) data for this well

There is no Plugging data for this well

There is no Sample data for this well

U.S. Department of Labor DEC 16 2011 In the matter of: Wolf Run Mining Company Sentinel Mine I.D. No. 46-04168 Mine Safety and Health Administration 1100 Wilson Boulevard Arlington, Virginia 22209-3939 Petition for Modification



Docket No. M-2009-050-C

Proposed Decision and Order

MSHA IDIC

EXEMPTION

On October 29, 2009, a petition was filed seeking a modification of the application of 30 C.F.R. § 75.1700 to Petitioner's Sentinel 2 Mine located in Barbour County, West Virginia. The petitioner alleges that the alternative method outlined in the petition will at all times guarantee no less than the same measure of protection afforded by the standard.

Section 30 C.F.R. § 75.1700 provides:

Each operator of a coal mine shall take reasonable measures to locate oil and gas wells penetrating coalbeds or any underground area of a coal mine. When located, such operator shall establish and maintain barriers around such oil and gas wells in accordance with State laws and regulations, except that such barriers shall not be less than 300 feet in diameter, unless the Secretary or his authorized representative permits a lesser barrier consistent with the applicable State laws and Gas regulations where such lesser barrier will be adequate to protect against hazards from such wells to the miners in such mine, or unless the '18 2021 Secretary or his authorized representative requires a greater barrier of where the depth of the mine, other geologic conditions, or other factors rotection warrant such a greater barrier.

The extraction of methane from coal seams and surrounding strata is a rapidly growing component of the domestic natural gas supply. Recent innovations in drilling techniques have resulted in development of several types of wells and production methods to extract coalbed methane (CBM) resources. Drill holes are deviated in both the horizontal and vertical planes using these techniques These techniques differ from vertical gas wells and require different techniques in order to plug the wells. Procedures to address the potential hazards presented by CBM wells must be implemented to protect the coal miners who will be exposed to these wells. When coal mines intersect inadequately plugged CBM wells, methane inundations, ignitions and explosions are possible.

The alternative method proposed by Petitioner would include well plugging procedures, water infusion and ventilation methods, and procedures for mining through each CBM well and/or its branches.

You can now file your MSHA forms online at www.MSHA.gov. It's easy, it's fast, and it saves you money!

Finding of Fact and Conclusion of Law

The Sentinel 2 Mine is an underground coal mine that operates in the Lower Kittanning Seam. The mine includes one slope and two shafts, employs nearly 245 people, and operates three shifts per day, six days per week. The mine currently has three working sections utilizing continuous mining machines. On average, the Sentinel Mine produces 8,000 tons of run-of-mine coal daily. The coal bed ranges from 60 to 108 inches in height and the mine is ventilated by one blowing fan. The second quarter 2011 total liberation results for the mine were 4,139,677 cubic feet of methane in 24 hours.

Sentinel Mine extracts CBM from the coal seam prior to mining in order to reduce methane emissions and, thus, the incidence of face ignitions. The wells are drilled from the surface using directional drilling technology to develop horizontal branches within the coal seam being mined. Drill holes may be deviated in both the horizontal and vertical planes using these techniques. Multiple horizontal branches may be developed from a single well and multiple seams may be developed from a single well. The drilling industry has trademarked several different proprietary names for these drilling processes. For purposes of this Order, these proprietary drilling processes will be referred to as generic "surface directional drilled" (SDD) wells.

On February 16, 2010, MSHA conducted an investigation of Sentinel's petition and filed a report of its findings and recommendations with the Administrator for Coal Mine Safety and Health. Based on information gathered during the investigation, MSHA evaluated Petitioner's proposed alternative method and, as amended by the terms and conditions of MSHA, concluded that it would provide the same measure of protection afforded by 30 C.F.R. § 75.1700. The alternative method has been successfully used to prepare CBM wells for safe intersection by using one or more of the following methods: (1) Cement Plug, (2) Polymer Gel, (3) Bentonite Gel, (4) Active Ressure Management and Water Infusion, and (5) Remedial Work. The alternate method will prevent the CBM well methane from entering the underground mine. $0C_{1} = 8 2021$

Petitioner's proposed alternative method includes provisions from the wind approved petition requests that permit a smaller barrier and/or permit mining through properly plugged oil and gas wells. These alternative methods have proven safe and effective when properly implemented. In addition, Sentinel's petition request also includes additional provisions that are specific to SDD wells.

Accordingly, after a review of the entire record, including the petition and MSHA's investigative report, Wolf Run Mining Company is granted a modification of the application of 30 C.F.R. § 75.1700 to its Sentinel 2 Mine, and this Proposed Decision and Order (PDO) is issued.

ORDER

Wherefore, pursuant to the authority delegated by the Secretary of Labor to the Administrator for Coal Mine Safety and Health, and pursuant to Section 101(c) of the Federal Mine Safety and Health Act of 1977, 30 U.S.C. § 811(c), and 30 C.F.R. Part 44, a modification of the application of 30 C.F.R. § 75.1700 at the Sentinel 2 Mine is hereby:

GRANTED, to allow mining within or through the 300 foot barrier around SDD oil and gas wells, conditioned upon compliance with the following terms and conditions:

1. DISTRICT MANAGER APPROVAL REQUIRED

A minimum working barrier of 300 feet in diameter shall be maintained around all SDD wells until approval to proceed with mining has been obtained from the District Manager. This barrier extends around all vertical and horizontal branches drilled in the coal seam. This barrier also extends around all vertical and horizontal branches within overlying coal seams subject to caving or subsidence from the coal seam being mined when methane leakage through the subsidence zone is possible. The District Manager may choose to approve each branch intersection, each well, or a group of wells as applicable to the conditions. The District Manager may require a certified review of the proposed methods to prepare the SDD wells for intersection by a professional engineer in order to assess the applicability of the proposed system(s) to the mine-specific conditions.

2. <u>MANDATORY PROCEDURES FOR PREPARING, PLUGGING SAND</u> <u>REPLUGGING SDD WELLS</u> <u>OCT 18</u> <u>OCT 18</u> <u>OCT 18</u> <u>OCT 18</u> <u>OCT 18</u>

a. <u>MANDATORY COMPUTATIONS AND ADMINISTRATIVE</u> 0000 <u>PROCEDURES PRIOR TO PLUGGING OR REPLUGGING</u>

1. <u>Probable Error of Location</u> – Directional drilling systems rely on sophisticated angular measurement systems and computer models to calculate the estimated location of the well bore. This estimated hole location is subject to cumulative measurement errors so that the distance between actual and estimated location of the well bore increases with the depth of the hole. Modern directional drilling systems are typically accurate within one or two degrees depending on the specific equipment and techniques. The probable error of location is defined by a cone described by the average accuracy of angular measurement around the length of the hole. For example: a hole that is drilled 500 vertical feet and deviated into a coal seam at a depth of 700 feet would have a probable error of location at a point that is 4,000 feet from the hole collar (about 2,986 ft. horizontally from the well collar) of 69.8 ft. (4,000 ft. x sine (1.0

degree)) if the average accuracy of angular measurement was one degree and 139.6 ft if the average accuracy of angular measurement was two degrees. In addition to the probable error of location, the true hole location is also affected by underground survey errors, surface survey errors, and random survey errors.

Minimum Working Barrier Around Well - For purposes of this 2. Order, the minimum working barrier around any coalbed methane well or branches of a coalbed methane well in the coal seam is 50 feet plus the probable error of location. For example: for a hole that is drilled 500 vertical feet and deviated into a coal seam at a depth of 700 feet using drilling equipment that has an average accuracy of angular measurement of one degree, the probable error of location at a point that is 4,000 feet from the hole collar is 69.8 ft. Therefore, the minimum working barrier around this point of the well bore is 120 ft. (69.8 ft. plus 50 ft., rounded up to the nearest foot). The 50 additional feet is a reasonable separation between the probable location of the well and mining operations. When mining is within the minimum working barrier distance from a coalbed methane well or branch, the mine operator must comply with the provisions of this Order. Coalbed methane wells must be prepared in advance for safe intersection and specific procedures must be followed on the mining section in order to protect the miners when mining within this minimum working barrier around the well. The District Manager may require a greater minimum working barrier around coalbed methane wells where geologic conditions, historical location errors, or other factors warrant a greater barrier.

NED Gas Ventilation Plan Requirements - The ventilation plan shall contain a 3. description of all SDD coalbed methane wells colled in the area to be mined. This description should include the well numbers, the Late drilled, the diameter, the casing information, the coal search developed, maximum depth of the wells, abandonment pressures, and any other information required by the District Manager. All or part of this information may be listed on the 30 C.F.R. § 75.372 map. The ventilation plan shall include the techniques that the mine operator plans to use to prepare the SDD wells for safe intersection, the specifications and steps necessary to implement these techniques, and the required operational precautions that are required when mining within the minimum working barrier. In addition, the ventilation plan will contain any additional information or provisions related to the SDD wells required by the District Manager.

4. <u>Ventilation Map</u> - The ventilation map specified in 30 C.F.R. § 75.372 shall contain the following information:

- i. The surface location of all coalbed methane wells in the active mining area and any projected mining area as specified in 30 C.F.R. § 75.372(b)(14);
- ii. Identifying information of coalbed methane wells (i.e. API hole number or equivalent);
- iii. The date that gas production began from the well;
- iv. The coal seam intersection of all coalbed methane wells;
- v. The horizontal extents in the coal seam of all coalbed methane wells and branches;
- vi. The outline of the probable error of location of all coalbed methane wells; and
- vii. The date of mine intersection and the distance between estimated and actual locations for all intersections of the coalbed methane well and branches.

b. <u>MANDATORY PROCEDURES FOR PLUGGING OR REPLUGGING</u> <u>SDD WELLS</u>

The mine operator shall include one of more of the following methods to prepare SDD wells for safe intersection in the mine ventilation plan. The methods approved in the ventilation plant must be completed on each SDD well before mining encroaches on the minimum working barrier around the well or branch of the well in the coal seam being mined. If methane leakage through subsidence cracks is a problem when retreat mining, the minimum working barrier must be maintained around the wells and branches in overlying coal seams or the wells and branches must be prepared for safe intersection as specified in the mine ventilation plan.

 <u>Cement Plug</u> - Cement may be used to fill the entire SDD hole system. Squeeze cementing techniques are necessary for SDD plugging due to the lack of tubing in the hole. Cement should fill void spaces and eliminate methane leakage along the hole. Once the cement has cured, the SDD system may be intersected multiple times without further hole preparation. Gas cutting occurs if the placement pressure of the cement is less than the methane pressure in the coal seam. Under these conditions, gas will bubble out of the coal seam and into the unset cement creating a pressurized void or series of interconnected pressurized voids. Water cutting occurs when formation water and standing water in the hole invades or displaces the unset cement. Standing water has to be bailed out of the hole or driven into the formation with compressed gas to minimize water cutting. The cement pressure must be maintained higher than the formation pressure until the cement sets to minimize both gas and water cutting. The cementing program in the ventilation plan must address both gas and water cutting.

Due to the large volume to be cemented and potential problems with cement setting prior to filling the entire SDD system, adequately sized pumping units with back-up capacity must be used. Various additives such as retarders, lightweight extenders, viscosity modifiers, thixotropic modifiers, and fly ash may be used in the cement mix. The volume of cement pumped should exceed the estimated hole volume to ensure the complete filling of all voids. The complete cementing program, including hole dewatering, cement, additives, pressures, pumping times and equipment must be specified in the ventilation plan. The material safety data sheets (MSDS) for all cements, additives and components and any personal protective equipment and techniques to protect workers from the potentially harmful effects of the cement and cement components should be included in the ventilation plan. Records of cement mixes, cement quantities, pump pressures, and flow rates and times should be retained for each hole plugged.

SDD holes may be plugged with cement years in advance of mining. However, the District Manager shall require suitable documentation of the cement plugging in order to approve mining within the minimum working barrier around coalbed methane wells.

2. <u>Polymer Gel</u> - Polymer gels start out as low viscosity, water-based mixtures of organic polymers that are crosslinked using time-delayed activators to form a water-insoluble, high-viscosity gel after being pumped into the SDD system. Although polymer gel systems never solidify, the activated gel should develop sufficient strength to resist gas flow. A gel that is suitable for treating SDD wells for mine intersection will reliably fill the SDD system and prevent gas-filled voids. Any gel chemistry used for plugging SDD wells should be resistant to bacterial and chemical degradation and remain stabile for the duration of mining through a SDD system.

Water may dilute the gel mixture to the point where it will not set to the required strength. Water in the holes should be removed before injecting the gel mixture. Water removal can be accomplished by conventional bailing and then injecting compressed gas to squeeze the water that accumulates in low spots back into the formation. Gas pressurization should be continued until the hole is dry. Another potential problem with gels is that dissolved salts in the formation waters may interfere with the cross-linking reactions. Any proposed gel mixtures must be tested with actual formation waters.

OCT 18 2021 WV Department of Environmental Protection

Equipment to mix and pump gels should have adequate capacity to fill the hole before the gel sets. Back-up units should be available in case something breaks while pumping. The volume of gel pumped should exceed the estimated hole volume to ensure the complete filling of all voids and allow for gel to infiltrate the joints in the coal seam surrounding the hole. Gel injection and setting pressures should be specified in the ventilation plan. To reduce the potential for an inundation of gel, the final level of gel should be close to the level of the coal seam and the remainder of the hole should remain open to the atmosphere until mining in the vicinity of the SDD system is completed. Packers may be used to isolate portions of the SDD system.

The complete polymer gel program, including advance testing of the gel with formation water, dewatering systems, gel specifications, gel quantities, gel placement, pressures, and pumping equipment must be specified in the ventilation plan. The MSDS for all gel components and any personal protective equipment and techniques to protect workers from the potentially harmful effects of the gel and gel components should be included in the ventilation plan. A record of the calculated hole volume, gel quantities, gel formulation, pump pressures, and flow rates and times should be retained for each hole that is treated with gel. Other gel chemistries other than organic polymers may be included in the ventilation plan with appropriate methods, parameters, and safety precautions.

3. <u>Bentonite Gel</u> – High-pressure injection of bentonite gel into the SDD system will infiltrate the cleat and butt joints of the coal seam near the well bore and effectively seal these conduits against the flow of methane. Bentonite gel is a thixotropic fluid that sets when it stops moving. Bentonite gel has a significantly lower setting viscosity than polymer gel. While the polymer gel fills and seals the borehole, the lower strength bentonite gel must penetrate the fractures and jointing in the coal seam in order to be effective in reducing formation permeability around the hole. The use of bentonite gel is restricted to depleted CBM applications that have low abandonment pressures and limited recharge potential. In general, these applications will be mature CBM fields with long production histories.

A slug of water should be injected prior to the bentonite gel in order to minimize moisture-loss bridging near the well bore. The volume of gel pumped should exceed the estimated hole volume to ensure that the gel infiltrates the joints in the coal seam for several feet surrounding the hole. Due to the large gel volume and potential problems with premature thixotropic setting, adequately sized pumping units with back-up capacity are required. Additives to the gel may be required to modify viscosity, reduce filtrates, reduce surface tension, and promote sealing of the cracks and Othice of the gel may be required to modify the cracks and

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joints around the hole. To reduce the potential for an inundation of bentonite gel, the final level of gel should be approximately the elevation of the coal seam and the remainder of the hole should remain open to the atmosphere until mining in the vicinity of the SDD system is completed. If a water column is used to pressurize the gel, it must be bailed down to the coal seam elevation prior to intersection.

The complete bentonite gel program, including formation infiltration and permeability reduction data, hole pretreatment, gel specifications, additives, gel quantities flow rates, injection pressures and infiltration times, must be specified in the ventilation plan. The ventilation plan should list the equipment used to prepare and pump the gel. The MSDS for all gel components and any personal protective equipment and techniques to protect workers from the potentially harmful effects of the gel and additives should be included in the ventilation plan. A record of hole preparation, gel quantities, gel formulation, pump pressures, and flow rates and times should be retained for each hole that is treated with bentonite gel.

4. Active Pressure Management and Water Infusion - Reducing the pressure in the hole to less than atmospheric pressure by operating a vacuum blower connected to the wellhead may facilitate safe intersection of the hole by a coal mine. The negative pressure in the hole will limit the quantity of methane released into the higher pressure mine atmosphere. If the mine intersection is near the end of a horizontal branch of the SDD system, air will flow from the mine into the upstream side of the hole and be exhausted through the blower on the surface. On the downstream side of the intersection, if the open hole length is short, the methane emitted from this side of the hole may be diluted to safe levels with ventilation air. Conversely, safely intersecting this system near the bottom of the vertical hole may not be possible because the methane emissions from the multiple downstream branches may be too great to dilute with ventilation air. The methane emission rate is directly proportional to the length of the open hole. Successful application of vacuum systems may be limited by caving of the hole or water collected in dips in the SDD system. Another important factor in the success of vacuum systems is the methane liberation rate of the coal formation around the well-older, more depleted wells that have lower methane emission rates are more amenable to this technique. The remaining methane content and the formation permeability should be addressed in the ventilation plan.

Packers may be used to reduce methane inflow into the coal mine after intersection. All packers on the downstream side of the hole must be equipped with a center pipe so that the inby methane pressure may be measured or so that water may be injected. Subsequent intersections should

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not take place if pressure in a packer-sealed hole is excessive. Alternatively, methane produced by the downstream hole may be piped to an in-mine degas system to safely transport the methane out of the mine or may be piped to the return air course for dilution. In-mine methane piping should be protected as stipulated in "Piping Methane in Underground Coal Mines," MSHA IR 1094, (1978). Protected methane diffusion zones may be established in return air courses if needed. Detailed sketches and safety precautions for methane collection, piping and diffusion systems must be included in the ventilation plan (30 C.F.R. § 75.371(ee)).

Water infusion prior to intersecting the well will temporarily limit methane flow. Water infusion may also help control coal dust levels during mining. High water infusion pressures may be obtained prior to the initial intersection by the hydraulic head resulting from the hole depth or by pumping. Water infusion pressures for subsequent intersections are limited by leakage around in-mine packers and limitations of the mine water distribution system. If water infused prior to the initial intersection, the water level in the hole must be lowered to the coal seam elevation before the intersection.

The complete pressure management strategy including negative pressure application, wellhead equipment, and use of packers, in-mine piping, methane dilution, and water infusion must be specified in the ventilation plan. Procedures for controlling methane in the downstream hole must be specified in the ventilation plan. The remaining methane content and formation permeability should be addressed in the ventilation plan. The potential for the coal seam to cave into the well should be addressed in the ventilation plan. Dewatering methods should be included in the ventilation plan. A record of the negative pressures applied to the system, methane liberation, use of packers and any water infusion pressures and application time should be retained for each intersection.

5. <u>Remedial work</u> – If problems are encountered in preparing the holes for safe intersection, then remedial measures must be taken to protect the miners. For example: if only one-half of the calculated hole volume of cement could be placed into a SDD well due to hole blockage, holes should be drilled near each branch that will be intersected and squeeze cemented using pressures sufficient to fracture into the potentially empty SDD holes. The District Manager will approve remedial work in the ventilation plan on a case-by-case basis.

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3. <u>MANDATORY PROCEDURES AFTER APPROVAL HAS BEEN GRANTED</u> BY THE DISTRICT MANAGER TO MINE WITHIN THE MINIMUM WORKING BARRIER AROUND THE WELL OR BRANCH OF THE WELL

- a. The mine operator, the District Manager, the miners' representative, or the State may request a conference prior to any intersection or after any intersection to discuss issues or concerns. Upon receipt of any such request, the District Manager shall schedule a conference. The party requesting the conference shall notify all other parties listed above within a reasonable time prior to the conference to provide opportunity for participation.
- b. The mine operator must notify the District Manager, the State and the miners' representative at least 48 hours prior to the intended intersection of any coalbed methane well.
- c. The initial intersection of a well or branch of a well typically has a higher risk than subsequent intersections. The initial intersection typically indicates if the well preparation is sufficient to prevent the inundation of methane. For the initial intersection of a well or branch, the following procedures are mandatory:
 - 1. When mining advances within the minimum barrier distance of the well or branches of the well, the entries that will intersect the well or branches must be posted with a readily visible marking. For longwalls, both the head and tailgate entries must be so marked. Marks must be advanced to within 100 feet of the working face as mining progresses. Marks will be removed after well or branches are intersected in each entry or after mining has exited the minimum barrier distance of the well.
 - 2. Entries that will intersect vertical segments of a well shall be marked with drivage sights in the last open crosscut when mining is within 100 feet of the well. When a vertical segment of a well will be intersected by a longwall, drivage sights shall be installed on 10-foot centers starting 50 feet in advance of the anticipated intersection. Drivage sights shall be installed in both the headgate and tailgate entries of the longwall.
 - 3. The operator shall ensure that fire-fighting equipment, including fire extinguishers, rock dust, and sufficient fire hose to reach the working fact are of the mine-through (when either the conventional or the continuous mining method is used) is available and operable

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during all well mine-throughs. The fire hose shall be located in the last open crosscut of the entry or room. The operator shall maintain the water line to the belt conveyor tailpiece along with a sufficient amount of fire hose to reach the farthest point of penetration on the section. When the longwall mining method is used, a hose to the longwall water supply is sufficient. All fire hoses shall be connected and ready for use, but do not have to be charged with water, during the cut-through.

- 4. The operator shall ensure that sufficient supplies of roof support and ventilation materials are available at the working section. In addition, emergency plugs, packers, and setting tools to seal both sides of the well or branch shall be available in the immediate area of the cut-through.
- 5. When mining advances within the minimum working barrier distance from the well or branch of the well, the operator shall service all equipment and check for permissibility at least once daily. Daily permissibility examinations must continue until the well or branch is intersected or until mining exits the minimum working barrier around the well or branch.
- 6. When mining advances within the minimum working barrier distance from the well or branch of the well, the operator shall calibrate the methane monitor(s) on the longwall, continuous mining machine, or cutting machine and loading machine at least once daily. Daily methane monitor calibration must continue until the well or branch is intersected or until mining exits the minimum working barrier around the well or branch.
- 7. When mining is in progress, the operator shall perform tests for methane with a handheld methane detector at least every 10 minutes from the time that mining with the continuous mining machine or longwall face is within the minimum working barrier around the well or branch. During the cutting process, no individual shall be allowed on the return side until the mine-through has been completed and the area has been examined and declared safe. The shearer must be idle when any miners are inby the tail drum.
- 8. When using continuous or conventional mining methods, the working place shall be free from accumulations of coal dust and coal spillages, and rock dust shall be placed on the proof, rib, and Office of Oil and Ges

0CT 18 2021 WV Department of Environmental Protection 10/29/2021 floor within 20 feet of the face when mining through the well or branch. On longwall sections, rock dust shall be applied on the roof, rib, and floor up to both the headgate and tailgate gob.

- 9. Immediately after the well or branch is intersected, the operator shall de-energize all equipment, and the certified person shall thoroughly examine and determine the working place safe before mining is resumed.
- 10. After a well or branch has been intersected and the working place determined safe, mining shall continue inby the well a sufficient distance to permit adequate ventilation around the area of the well or branch.
- 11. No open flame shall be permitted in the area until adequate ventilation has been established around the well bore or branch. Any casing, tubing or stuck tools will be removed using the methods approved in the ventilation plan.
- 12. No person shall be permitted in the area of the mine-through operation inby the last open crosscut during active mining except those actually engaged in the operation, including company personnel, representatives of the miners, personnel from MSHA, and personnel from the appropriate State agency.
- 13. The operator shall warn all personnel in the mine to the planned intersection of the well or branch prior to their going underground if the planned intersection is to occur during their shift. This warning shall be repeated for all shifts until the well or branch has been intersected.
- 14. The mine-through operation shall be under the direct supervision of a certified person. Instructions concerning the mine-through operation shall be issued only by the certified person in charge.
- 15. All miners shall be in known locations and in constant two-way communications with the responsible person under 30 C.F.R. § 75.1501 when active mining occurs within the minimum working barrier of the well or branch.
- 16. The responsible person required under 30 C.F.R. § 75.1501 is responsible for well intersection emergencies. The well intersection

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WV Department of Environmental Protection 10/29/2021 procedures must be reviewed by the responsible person prior to any planned intersection.

- 17. A copy of the order shall be maintained at the mine and be available to the miners.
- 18. The provisions of this order do not impair the authority of representatives of MSHA to interrupt or halt the mine-through operation and to issue a withdrawal order when they deem it necessary for the safety of the miners. MSHA may order an interruption or cessation of the mine-through operation and/or a withdrawal of personnel by issuing either a verbal or a written order to that effect to a representative of the operator, which order shall include the basis for the order. Operations in the affected area of the mine may not resume until a representative of MSHA permits resumption of mine-through operations. The mine operator and miners shall comply with verbal or written MSHA orders immediately. All verbal orders shall be committed to writing within a reasonable time as conditions permit.
- d. For subsequent intersections of branches of a well, appropriate procedures to protect the miners shall be specified in the ventilation plan.

4. MANDATORY PROCEDURES AFTER SDD INTERSECTIONS

- a. All intersections with SDD wells and branches that are in intake air courses shall be examined as part of the pre-shift examinations required under 30 C.F.R. § 75.360.
- b. All other intersection with SDD wells and branches shall be examined as part of the weekly examinations required under 30 C.F.R. § 75.364.

5. OTHER REQUIREMENTS

a. Within 30 days after this Order becomes final, the operator shall submit proposed revisions for its approved 30 C.F.R. Part 48 training plan to the District Manager. These proposed revisions shall include initial and refresher training regarding compliance with the terms and conditions stated in the Order. The operator shall provide all miners involved in the mine-through of a well or branch with training regarding the requirements of this Order prior to mining within the minimum working barrier of the next well or branch intended to be mined through.

b. Within 30 days after this Order becomes final, the operator shall submit proposed revisions for its approved mine emergency evacuation and firefighting program of instruction required by 30 C.F.R § 75.1501. The operator shall revise the program to include the hazards and evacuation procedures to be used for well intersections. All underground miners shall be trained in this revised program within 30 days of the approval of the revised mine emergency evacuation and firefighting program of instruction.

Any party to this action desiring a hearing on this matter must file in accordance with 30 C.F.R. § 44.14, within 30 days. The request for hearing must be filed with the Administrator for Coal Mine Safety and Health, 1100 Wilson Boulevard, Arlington, Virginia 22209-3939.

If a hearing is requested, the request shall contain a concise summary of position on the issues of fact or law desired to be raised by the party requesting the hearing, including specific objections to the proposed decision. A party other than Petitioner who has requested a hearing may also comment upon all issues of fact or law presented in the petition, and any party to this action requesting a hearing may indicate a desired hearing site. If no request for a hearing is filed within 30 days after service thereof, the Proposed Decision and Order will become final and must be posted by the operator on the mine bulletin board at the mine.

Charles (]. Spomee

Charles J. Thomas Deputy Administrator for Coal Mine Safety and Health

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Certificate of Service

I hereby certify that a copy of this proposed decision was served personally or mailed, postage prepaid, this ______ day of ______ day of ______, 2011, to:

April Min ICG, LLC 300 Corporate Center Drive Scott Depot, WV 25560

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Ma-

Shameka Green Secretary

cc: Mr. C.A. Phillips, Director, West Virginia Department of Energy, Division of Mines and Minerals

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WV Department of Environmental Protection

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WW-4A	
Revised	6-07

1)	Date:	September 2, 2021

2) Operator's Well Number

3) API Well No.: 47 -

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STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION, OFFICE OF OIL AND GAS NOTICE OF APPLICATION TO PLUG AND ABANDON A WELL

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4) Surface Ow		ner(s) to be served:	5) (a) Coal Operator		
	(a) Name	Ark Land LLC	Name	CoalQuest Development, LLC	
	Address	100 Tygart Drive	Address	100 Tygart Drive	
		Grafton, West Virginia 26354		Grafton, West Virginia 26354	
	(b) Name		(b) Coal Own	ner(s) with Declaration	
	Address		Name		
			Address		
	(c) Name		Name		
	Address		Address		
6)]	Inspector	Sam Ward	(c) Coal Less	see with Declaration	
	Address	P.O. Box 2327	Name		
		Buckhannon, WV 26201	Address		
	Telephone	(304) 389-7583			

TO THE PERSONS NAMED ABOVE: You should have received this Form and the following documents:

 The application to Plug and Abandon a Well on Form WW-4B, which sets out the parties involved in the work and describes the well its and the plugging work order; and

(2) The plat (surveyor's map) showing the well location on Form WW-6.

The reason you received these documents is that you have rights regarding the application which are summarized in the instructions on the reverses side. However, you are not required to take any action at all.

Take notice that under Chapter 22-6 of the West Virginia Code, the undersigned well operator proposes to life or has filed this Notice and Application and accompanying documents for a permit to plug and abandon a well with the Chief of the Office of Oil and Gas, West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection, with respect to the well at the location described on the attached Application and depicted on the attached Form WW-6. Copies of this Notice, the Application, and the plat have been mailed by registered or certified mail or delivered by hand to the person(s) named above (or by publication in certain circumstances) on or before the day of mailing or delivery to the Chief.

Well Operator	Walf Run Mining LLC	Va FRECEIVED
By:	Charles E. Duckworth	Affice of Off and Gasa
Its:	Designated Agent	04 0001 0 2021
Address	100 Tygart Drive	
	Grafton, Wast Virginia 26354	WAY Department of
Telephone	(304) 265-9704	Environmental Protection
Subscriped and swohn before me this d	ay of September 202	OFFICIAL SEAL NOTARY PUBLIC, STATE OF WEST VINGINIA Votary Public Sregory Nair 129 Webster Avenue
My commission Expires . December 22, 2024		Morganiown; WV 30561
		Sile Odministrati Explana December 99, 2024 2

Oil and Gas Privacy Notice

The Office of Oil and Gas processes your personal information, such as name, address and phone number, as a part of our regulatory duties. Your personal information may be disclosed to other State agencies or third parties in the normal course of business or as needed to comply with statutory or regulatory requirements, including Freedom of Information Act requests. Our office will appropriately secure your personal information. If you have any questions about our use of your personal information, please contact DEP's Chief Privacy Officer at depprivacyoffier@wy.goy.



SURFACE OWNER WAIVER

Operator's Well Number

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INSTRUCTIONS TO SURFACE OWNERS NAMED ON PAGE WW4-A

The well operator named on page WW-4A is applying for a permit from the State to plug and abandon a well. (Note: If the surface tract is owned by more than three persons, then these materials were served on you because your name appeared on the Sheriff's tax ticket on the land or because you actually occupy the surface tract. In either case, you may be the only owner who will actually receive these materials.) See Chapter 22 of the West Virginia Code. Well work permits are valid for 24 months. If you do not own any interest in the surface tract, please forward these materials to the true owner immediately if you know who it is. Also, please notify the well operator and the Office of Oil and Gas.

NOTE: YOU ARE NOT REQUIRED TO FILE ANY COMMENT. WHERE TO FILE COMMENTS AND OBTAIN ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:

Chief, Office of Oil and Gas Department of Environmental Protection 601 57th St. SE Charleston, WV 25304 (304) 926-0450

Time Limits and methods for filing comments. The law requires these materials to be served on or before the date the operator files his Application. You have FIVE (5) DAYS after the filing date to file your comments. Comments must be filed in person or received in the mail by the Chief's office by the time stated above. You may call the Chief's office to be sure of the date. Check with your postmaster to ensure adequate delivery time or to arrange special expedited handling. If you have been contacted by the well operator and you have signed a "voluntary statement of no objection" to the planned work described in these materials, then the permit may be issued at any time.

Comments must be in writing. Your comments must include your name, address and telephone number. the well operator's name and well number and the approximate location of the proposed well site including district and county from the application. You may add other documents, such as sketches, maps or photographs to support your comments.

The Chief has the power to deny or condition a well work permit based on comments on the following grounds:

- The proposed well work will constitute a hazard to the salety of persons.
 The soil erosion and sediment control plan is not adequate or effective; Office of Oil and Gas

Date

- 4) The proposed well work fails to protect fresh water sources or supplies; OCT 1 8
 5) The applicant has committed a substantial violation of a previous permit or a substantial violation of one. or more of the rules promulgated under Chapter 22, and has failed MoDabate or seek review of the violation...". If you want a copy of the permit as it is issued or a copy of the order denying the permit, you

should request a copy from the Chief.

VOLUNTARY STATEMENT OF NO OBJECTION

I hereby state that I have read the instructions to surface owners and that I have received copies of a Notice and Application For A Permit To Plug And Abandon on Forms WW-4A and WW-4B, and a survey plat.

I further state that I have no objection to the planned work described in these materials, and I have no objection to a permit being issued on those materials. FOR EXECUTION BY A NATURAL PERSON ETC.

FOR EXECUTION	BYA	CORPORATION,

Signature

Name	Ark Land LLC	
Ву	Charles E. Autune	H1
Its	AGAA	Date
	AS A	0254
	Signature X	10/29/2021

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James Mayle	
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INSTRUCTIONS TO COAL OPERATORS OWNERS AND LESSEE

The well operator named on the obverse side of WW-4 (B) is about to abandon the well described in the enclosed materials and will commence the work of plugging and abandoning said well on the date the inspector is notified. Which date shall not be less then five days after the day on which this notice and application so mailed is received, or in due course should be received by the Department of Environmental Protection Office of Oil & Gas.

This notice and application is given to you in order that your respective representatives may be present at the plugging and filling of said well. You are further notified that whether you are represented or not the operator will proceed to plug and fill said well in the manner required by Section 24, Article 6, Chapter 22 of the Code and given in detail on obverse side of this application.

NOTE: If you wish this well to be plugged according to 22-6-24(d) then as per Regulation 35CSR4-13.9 you must complete and return to this office on form OB-16 "Request by Coal Operator, Owner, or Lessee for plugging" prior to the issuance of this plugging permit.

WAIVER

The undersigned coal operator $X_{\rm owner}$ / lessee / of the coal under this well location has examined this proposed plugging work order. The undersigned has no objection be work proposed to be done at this location, provided, the well operator has complied with all applicable requirements of the West Virginia Code and the governing regulations.

Date:	9	2	2021	
Louis.				-

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CoalQuest D	evelopm	ent, LLC	Dartment of Tai Protecti	lan
By: Greg Nai	/ //	1./		en
	~	ug'	-	
Its Power of	Attorney	-	1	

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W W -9 (5/16)	
<u></u>	API Number 47 - 091 _ 01365 Operator's Well No. 4
DEPARTMENT OF	E OF WEST VIRGINIA FENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION ICE OF OIL AND GAS
FLUIDS/ CUTTINGS	DISPOSAL & RECLAMATION PLAN
Operator Name Wolf Run Mining LLC	OP Code
Watershed (HUC 10) Hackers Creek	Quadrangle Philippi (545)
Do you anticipate using more than 5,000 bbls of water to Will a pit be used? Yes No	complete the proposed well work? Yes No
If so, please describe anticipated pit waste:	A
Will a synthetic liner be used in the pit? Yes	No If so, what ml.?
Proposed Disposal Method For Treated Pit Was	tes:
Underground Injection (UIC Reuse (at API Number	tes: Spend provide a completed form WW-9-GPP) permit Number)
Off Site Disposal (Supply for Other (Explain Tanks - See att	n WW-9 for disposal location) ached letter
Will closed loop systembe used? If so, describe: Yes, G	el circulated from tank thru well bore ad returned to tank.
Drilling medium anticipated for this well (vertical and ho	rizontal)? Air, freshwater, oil based, etc. freshwater
-If oil based, what type? Synthetic, petroleum, e	
Additives to be used in drilling medium?Bentonite, Bicarb	onate or Soda Offic As
Drill cuttings disposal method? Leave in pit, landfill, rem	oved offsite, etc. removed offisite
-If left in pit and plan to solidify what medium w	ill be used? (cement, lime, sawdust)
-Landfill or offsite name/permit number? Wolf Ru	an Mining LLC - Permit No. O-113-83
Permittee shall provide written notice to the Office of Oil	and Cas of any load of drill cuttings or associated wastered at an
provide million house to the office of Ol	vided within 24 hours of rejection and the permittee shall also disclose

0 provisions of the permit are enforceable by law. Violations of any term or condition of the general permit and/or other applicable law or regulation can lead to enforcement action.

I certify under penalty of law that I have personally examined and am familiar with the information submitted on this application form and all attachments thereto and that, based on my inquiry of those individuals immediately responsible for o btaining the information, I believe that the information is true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine or imprisonment

Company Official Signature	Chat /
Company Official (Typed Name) Charles E. Duckworth	
Company Official Title Designated Agent	

Subscribed and sworn before me this 2	day of Septemper
_ tiouras June / -	HOTARY PUBLIC, STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA
My commission expires 12/22/2024	329 Webster Avenua Eborgantown, Wy 2650Y
	Hy Comparison Expersion France In According 12 2024



WOLF RUN MINING LLC

September 2, 2021

WV Department of Environmental Protection Office of Oil and Gas 601 – 57th Street, S.E. Charleston, West Virginia 25304

To Whom It May Concern:

As per the WV Department of Environmental Protection, Office of Oil and Gas request, Wolf Run Mining LLC, submits the following procedures utilizing pit waste.

Upon submitting a well work application (without a general permit for Oil and Gas Pit Waste Discharge Application), Wolf Run Mining LLC, will construct no pits, but instead will use mud tanks to contain all drilling muds.

Once the well is completed, that material (minus the cave material) will be trucked to the next well to be plugged or to DEP impoundment facilities O-113-83 or to an approved facility that can handle the material.

Sincerely.

Charles E. Duckworth Designated Agent

Office of Cill and Gas OCT 1 8 2021 Environmental Protection

100 Tygart Drive - Grafton, West Virginia 26354 Phone: (304) 265-9778 * Fax: (304) 265-5544

Operator's Well No. 4

Proposed Revegetation Trea	atment: Acres Disturb	_{ed} 1.50 / 2.0	Preveg etation p	H
Lime 3	Tons/acreor to	correct to pH 6.5		
Fertilizer type 10-	20-20 or equivalent	t		
Fertilizer amount	500	lbs/acre		
Mulch_Hay Bale	S	Tons/acre		
		Seed Mixtures		
Те	emporary		Perma	nent
Seed Type	lbs/acre		Seed Type	lbs/acre

Seed Type Orchard Grass	lbs/acre 12	Seed Type Orchard Grass	lbs/acre 12
Landino Clover	3	Landino Clover	3
Timothy	10	Timothy	10

Attach:

Maps(s) of road, location, pit and proposed area for land application (unless engineered plans including this info have been provided). If water from the pit will be land applied, provide water volume, include dimensions (L, W, D) of the pit, and dimensions (L, W), and area in acres, of the land application area.

Photocopied section of involved 7.5' topographic sheet.

Plan Approved by:	
Comments:	
	Office of ENER
	Office RECEIVED OCT 18 2021
	Environmentation
	Environmental Protection
Title: <u>COG Inspector</u> Date: <u>K/15/2021</u> Field Reviewed? ()Yes ()No	
Field Reviewed? ()Yes ()No	

4700101 3 12:12 17.8 Theater - Para 7 .4 .1 Hopewell 1 mil 1397 254 AND 25 Berryburg ð 4.0 1.1 147 31 13/4 Fostrape TIMORE 16 -4.20 OLIO OLIO Corder Crossing Estele Hackers Run 1000 Strig Mine reel WELL SITE Cale * reek P. lander Creek 13:25 Cb martin 5 1.385 MSch 339 Hacker M: Ditye Cem Nurris Gam St in Maria 10 10 OU-Water Mt. Olive dimper 15 -OTA 4 Ch Hele Office BEGER Quarter Cert P-R. GP0/20 Oil and Gas OCT 1 8 2021 LATITUDE 39° 10' 58" LONGITUDE: 80° 03' 30" NEARTEST WATERCOURSE: Mackers Creek Environmental Proteor Wolf Run Winning LLC NEAREST TOWN: Phile API WELL NO. ____ DRAWN DATE BY ARCH 47 - 001 STATE COUNTY 47 -01365 09/21 TAN A Subsidiary of Arch Resources, Inc. PERMIT REVISED 100 Tygart Drive, Gralton, WV 26154 DATE BY API WELL NO. 47-001-01365 WELL NO. 4 LOCATION MAP CLEAN OUT AND REPLUG ESTIMATED DEPTH 4000 In Mining LC DESIGNATED AGENT Charles E Duckworth Aften, WY 26354 ADDRESS _ 100 Tyget Drive, Grafton, WY 2635 Picasant District Philippi, WV 7.5 Barbour County West Virginia APPROVED PLUG AND ABANDON ____ CLEAN O TARGET FORMATION ____ CM WELL OPERATOR _____ Work Ran Mining LLC ADDRESS _____ Mining LLC DATE BY TOPOGRAPHIC Scale File No. Sheet No .; WY 26354 CONTOUR 47-001-01365 #4.dgn 1=2000 1 of 1 NTERVAL = 20 Palb DWG/WOLF RUN/SENTINEL/SENTINEL PERMITS/WV CILL

	Office of Oil a	Environmental Protection
	WELL LOCATION	
API:	365	WELL NO.:
FARM NAME	James Mayle	
RESPONSIBL	E PARTY NAME: Wolf Run N	WELL NO.: 4
COUNTY: Ba	bour	DISTRICT: Pleasant
OUADRANCI	F. Philippi	
SUBFACE OV	Ark Land LLC	
POVALTV OV	WNED. Ark Land LLC	
UTM CPS NO	RTHING:	
UTM GPS EAS	581118.820' TING:	GPS ELEVATION:
preparing a new above well. The	well location plat for a plugging Office of Oil and Gas will not ac	o submit GPS coordinates in lieu of permit or assigned API number on the cept GPS coordinates that do not meet
the following re	-	
heig	t above mean sea level (MSL) -	Coordinate Units: meters, Altitude:
2. Accu	racy to Datum – 3.05 meters Collection Method:	
3. Data	Collection Method:	

Real-Time Differential _____

Real-Time Differential
Mapping Grade GPS: Post Processed Differential
Real-Time Differential $0CT$ 8^{2021}
4. Letter size copy of the topography map showing the well top the set of my knowledge age top the undersigned, hereby certify this data is correct to the best of my knowledge age top belief and shows all the information required by law and the regulations issued and other top the set of the set
I the undersigned, hereby certify this data is correct to the best of my knowledge age to
belief and shows all the information required by law and the regulations issued and otection
prescribed by the Office of Oil and Gas.

Power of Attorney

Title

September 2, 2021

Signature

a

WW-7 8-30-06

Date

POWER OF ATTORNEY

WOLF RUN MINING LLC TO GREG NAIR

Dated: January 1, 2021

Expires: December 31, 2021

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS: That Wolf Run Mining LLC, a limited liability company formed under the laws of the State of West Virginia (the "Company"), acting by and through Rosemary L. Klein, its duly authorized Vice President, has and does hereby appoint Greg Nair its true and lawful Attorney-in-Fact with power and authority, for and on behalf, and in the name of the Company, during the period herein specified, and subject to the restrictions and limitations set forth in this Power, to execute, acknowledge and deliver in the ordinary and regular course of the Company's business, applications for mining, environmental, safety, and health permits, permit transfers, or permit bond releases or bond adjustments, amendments, supplements or modifications to such permits, certificates or other instruments directly related to such amendments, supplements or modifications, monthly production reports, air quality, water quality or other environmental reports, quarterly discharge monitoring reports and any other like or similar reports required to be filed with any local, state or federal governmental agency.

The Attorney herein appointed shall be authorized to act pursuant to this Power from the date hereof only so long as such Attorney shall remain an employee of Arch Resources, Inc. or any subsidiary thereof, or until December 31, 2021, or until such earlier time as this instrument has been revoked, annulled, rescinded or set aside by an instrument of revocation filed with the Secretary of the Company, whichever first occurs.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Company has caused this Power of Attorney to be executed on its behalf, and its seal to be hereunto affixed as of the day and year first above written, by the undersigned, Rosemary L. Klein, duly authorized Vice President of the Company.

WOLF RUN MINING LLC

By: RK/

Rosemary L. Klein Vice President

Office of Oil and Gas Environmental Protection

STATE OF MISSOURI)) ss COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS)

On this \mathcal{A}_{L} day of December, 2020, before me, the undersigned notary public, personally appeared Rosemary L. Klein, known to me to be the person whose name is subscribed to the within instrument and acknowledged that he executed the same for the purposes therein contained.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I hereunto set my hand and official seal.

Notary Public 12024 Fr. O

My Commission Expires:

	SARAH TRIBOUT Notary Public, Notary Seal
	State of Missouri Franklin County
M	Commission # 03385705 Commission Expires 11-08-2024



POWER OF ATTORNEY

COALQUEST DEVELOPMENT LLC TO GREG NAIR

Dated: January 1, 2021

Expires: December 31, 2021

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS: That CoalQuest Development LLC, a limited liability company formed under the laws of the State of Delaware (the "Company"), acting by and through Rosemary L. Klein, its duly authorized Vice President, has and does hereby appoint Greg Nair its true and lawful Attorney-in-Fact with power and authority, for and on behalf, and in the name of the Company, during the period herein specified, and subject to the restrictions and limitations set forth in this Power, to execute, acknowledge and deliver in the ordinary and regular course of the Company's business, applications for mining, environmental, safety, and health permits, permit transfers, or permit bond releases or bond adjustments, amendments, supplements or modifications to such permits, certificates, gas well plugging applications, shallow well drilling permit applications, or other instruments directly related to such amendments, supplements or modifications, monthly production reports, air quality, water guality or other environmental reports, guarterly discharge monitoring reports and any other like or similar reports required to be filed with any local, state or federal governmental agency.

The Attorney herein appointed shall be authorized to act pursuant to this Power from the date hereof only so long as such Attorney shall remain an employee of Arch Resources, Inc. or any subsidiary thereof, or until December 31, 2021, or until such earlier time as this instrument has been revoked, annulled, rescinded or set aside by an instrument of revocation filed with the Secretary of the Company, whichever first occurs.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Company has caused this Power of Attorney to be executed on its behalf, and its seal to be hereunto affixed as of the day and year first above written, by the undersigned, Rosemary L. Klein, duly authorized Vice President of the Company.

COALQUEST DEVELOPMENT ISEGEIVED OCT 1 8 2021 Environmental Protection Bv:

Rosemary Vice President STATE OF MISSOURI)) ss COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS)

On this 21 day of December, 2020, before me, the undersigned notary public, personally appeared Rosemary L. Klein, known to me to be the person whose name is subscribed to the within instrument and acknowledged that he executed the same for the purposes therein contained.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I hereunto set my hand and official seal.

Duah Subord

My Commission Expires: 11/8/2024



Office of Oil and Gas OCT 18 2021 WV Department of Environmental Protection



Stansberry, Wade A <wade.a.stansberry@wv.gov>

Plugging Vertical Well Work Permit (API: 47-001-01365)

1 message

Stansberry, Wade A <wade.a.stansberry@wv.gov> Tue, Oct 26, 2021 at 9:49 AM To: Charles Duckworth <cduckworth@archcoal.com>, "Ward, Samuel D" <samuel.d.ward@wv.gov>, Derick Spencer <spencer@assessor.state.wv.us>

I have attached a copy of the newly issued well permit, "4". This will serve as your copy.

If you have any questions, then please contact us here at the Office of Oil and Gas.

Thank you,

Wade A. Stansberry

Environmental Resource Specialist 3

West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection

Office of Oil & Gas

601 57th St. SE

Charleston, WV 25304

(304) 926-0499 ext. 41115

(304) 926-0452 fax

Wade.A.Stansberry@wv.gov

2 attachments

BIR-8 Blank.pdf 179K

₱ 47-001-01365 - Copy.pdf 2589K