

west virginia department of environmental protection

Office of Oil and Gas 601 57th Street SE Charleston, WV 25304 (304) 926-0450 (304) 926-0452 fax Earl Ray Tomblin, Governor Randy C. Huffman, Cabinet Secretary

www.dep.wv.gov

PERMIT MODIFICATION APPROVAL

March 25, 2014

EQT PRODUCTION COMPANY POST OFFICE BOX 280 BRIDGEPORT, WV 26330

Re: Permit Modification Approval for API Number 1706331 , Well #: WV 513142 Modified Casing

Oil and Gas Operator:

The Office of Oil and Gas has reviewed the attached permit modification for the above referenced permit. The attached modification has been approved and well work may begin. Please be reminded that the oil and gas inspector is to be notified twenty-four (24) hours before permitted well work is commenced.

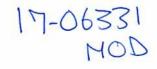
Please call James Martin at 304-926-0499, extension 1654 if you have any questions.

Sincerely,

Gene Smith

Regulatory/Compliance Manager

Office of Oil and Gas





December 17, 2013

Mr. Gene Smith West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection Office of Oil and Gas 601 57th Street SE Charleston, WV 25304

Re: Modification of (OXF156) 47-017-06331

Dear Mr. Smith,

Attached is a modification to the casing program for the above well. A new WW-6B & schematics are enclosed for your review. Due to problems encountered drilling the WEU8 wells, we have decided to set the intermediate casing deeper.

If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact me at (304) 848-0076.

Sincerely,

Vicki Roark

Permitting Supervisor-WV

Enc.

cc: Douglas Newlon 4060 Dutchman Road Macfarlan, WV 26148

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Office of Oil & Gas

DEC 1 9 2013

WV Department of Environmental Protection

Well Operator: EQT Production Company

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STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION, OFFICE OF OIL AND GAS W.VA. CODE §22-6A - WELL WORK PERMIT APPLICATION

			County District		
2) Operator's Well Number:	513142		Well Pad Name	OXF156	
3) Farm Name/Surface Owner :	Heaster et al		Public Road Access:	CR10	
l) Elevation, current ground:	1244'	Elevation, propose	post-construction:1203'		
i) Well Type: (a) Gas	Oil	Underground S	torage		
Other					
(b) If Gas:	Shallow	Deep			
)	Horizontal	* • *			
i) Existing Pad? Yes or No:	no				
') Proposed Target Formation(s), Target formation is Marcellus		The state of the s	Associated Pressure(s): s to be 4447feet and anticipated tar	get pressure of 54 PSI	
Target formation is Marcelius	at a depth of 66	08' with the anticipated thicknes	s to be 4447feet and anticipated tar	get pressure of 54 PSI	
Target formation is Marcellus i) Proposed Total Vertical Depth:	at a depth of 66	08' with the anticipated thicknes	s to be 4447feet and anticipated tar 6608'	get pressure of 54 PSI	
i) Proposed Total Vertical Depth: Formation at Total Vertical Depth	at a depth of 66	08' with the anticipated thicknes	s to be 4447feet and anticipated tar 6608' Marcellus	get pressure of 54 PSI	
Proposed Total Vertical Depth:) Formation at Total Vertical Dept 0) Proposed Total Measured Dep	at a depth of 66	08' with the anticipated thicknes	6608' Marcellus	get pressure of 54 PSI	
i) Proposed Total Vertical Depth: Formation at Total Vertical Depth Proposed Total Measured Depth Proposed Horizontal Leg Leng	at a depth of 66	08' with the anticipated thicknes	6608' Marcellus 12,134 3,920		
Target formation is Marcellus Proposed Total Vertical Depth: Formation at Total Vertical Dept Proposed Total Measured Dep Proposed Horizontal Leg Leng Approximate Fresh Water Stra	th: th Depths:	08' with the anticipated thicknes	6608' Marcellus 12,134 3,920 3, 210, 314, 380, 456, 594, 1		
Target formation is Marcellus Proposed Total Vertical Depth: Formation at Total Vertical Depth Proposed Total Measured Depth Proposed Horizontal Leg Leng Approximate Fresh Water Stra Method to Determine Fresh Water	th: ta Depths:	08' with the anticipated thicknes	6608' Marcellus 12,134 3,920 3, 210, 314, 380, 456, 594, 1 By offset wells		
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CASING AND TUBING PROGRAM

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ГҮРЕ	Size	New or Used	Grade	Weight per ft.	FOOTAGE: for Drilling	INTERVALS: Left in Well	CEMENT: Fill- up (Cu.Ft.)
Conductor	20	New	Varies	Varies	40	40	38
resh Water	13 3/8	new	MC-50	54	1,178	1,178	1,017
Coal							
ntermediate	9 5/8	New	MC-50	40	5,267	5,267	2,063
roduction	5 1/2	New	P-110	20	12,134	12,134	See Note 1
ubing	2 3/8		J-55	4.6			May not be run, if run will be set 100' less than TD
iners							

YPE	Size	Wellbore Diameter	Wall Thickness	Burst Pressure	Cement Type	Cement Yield (cu, ft,/k)
Conductor	20	26	0.375		Construction	1.18
resh Water	13 3/8	17 1/2	0.38	2,480	1	1.21
oal						
ntermediate	9 5/8	12 3/8	0.395	3,590	1	1.21
'roduction	5 1/2	8 1/2	0.361	12,640	•	1.27/1.86
ubing						
iners						

Packers

ind:	N/A		
izes:	N/A		
repths Set:	N/A		

lote 1: EQT plans to bring the TOC on the production casing cement job 1,000' above kick off point, which is at east 500' above the shallowest production zone, to avoid communication.

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DCN 1-2-2014

Office of OI GOLD JAN 1 9 2014

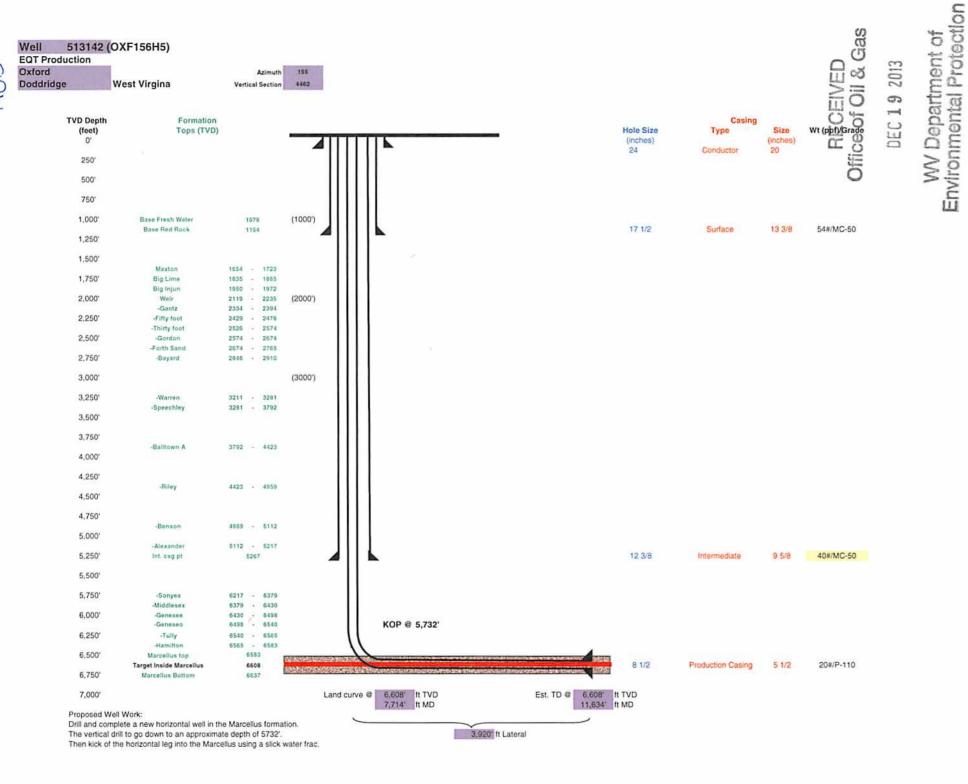


(3/13)

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19) Describe proposed well work, including the drilling and plugging back of any pilot hole:	
Drill and complet a new horizontal well in the Marcellus formation. The vertical drill to go down to an approximate depth of 5732'.	
Then kick off the horizontal leg into the Marcellus using a slick water frac.	
20) Describe fracturing/stimulating methods in detail, including anticipated max pressure and max rate:	
Hydraulic fracturing is completed in accordance with state regulations using water recycled from previously fractured wells and obtained from freshwater sources. This water is mixed with sand and a small percentage (less than 0.3%) of chemicals (including 15% Hydrochloric acid,	
gelling agent, gel breaker, friction reducer, biocide, and scale inhibitor), referred to in the industry as a "slickwater" completion. Maximum	
anticipated treating pressures are expected to average approximately 8500 psi, maximum anticipated treating rates are expected to average approximately 100 bpm. Stage lengths vary from 150 to 300 feet. Average approximately 200,000 barrels of water per stage. Sand sizes	
vary from 100 mesh to 20/40 mesh. Average approximately 200,000 pounds of sand per stage.	
21) Total area to be disturbed, including roads, stockpile area, pits, etc, (acres): 37.43	
22) Area to be disturbed for well pad only, less access road (acres): 26.22	
23) Describe centralizer placement for each casing string.	
 Surface: Bow spring centralizers – One at the shoe and one spaced every 500'. Intermediate: Bow spring centralizers – One cent at the shoe and one spaced every 500'. 	
Production: One spaced every 1000' from KOP to Int csg shoe	
24) Describe all cement additives associated with each cement type. Surface (Type 1 Cement): 0-3% Calcium Chloride	
Used to speed the setting of cement slurries. 0.4% flake. Loss Circulation Material (LCM) is used to combat the loss of the cement slurry to a thief zone.	
Intermediate (Type 1 Cement): 0-3% Calcium Chloride. Salt is used in shallow, low temperature formations to speed the setting of cement	
slurries. 0.4% flake. Loss Circulation Material (LCM) is used to combat the loss of whole drilling fluid or cement slurry (not filtrate)	
to a thief zone.	
Production:	
Lead (Type 1 Cement): 0.2-0.7% Lignosulfonate (Retarder). Lengthens thickening time.	
0.3% CFR (dispersant). Makes cement easier to mix.	
Tail (Type H Cement): 0.25-0.40% Lignosulfonate (Retarder). Lengthens thickening time.	
0.2-0.3% CFR (dispersant). This is to make the cement easier to mix.	
60 % Calcuim Carbonate. Acid solubility.	
0.4-0.6% Halad (fluid loss). Reduces amount of water lost to formation.	
25) Proposed boroholo conditioning procedures. Surface Circulate halo clean (Approximately 20.45 minutes) retains 8 reciproceditioning	
25) Proposed borehole conditioning procedures. <u>Surface</u> : Circulate hole clean (Approximately 30-45 minutes) rotating & reciprocating one full joint until cuttings diminish at surface. When cuttings returning to surface diminish, continue to circulate an additional 5	16
minutes. To ensure that there is no fill, short trip two stands with no circulation. If there is fill, bring compressors back on	
and circulate hole clean. A constant rate of higher than expected cuttings volume likely indicates washouts that will not clean up.	
Intermediate: Circulate hole clean (Approximately 30-45 minutes) rotating & reciprocating one full joint until cuttings diminish at	
surface. When cuttings returning to surface diminish, continue to circulate an additional 5 minutes. If foam drilling, to enhance	
hole cleaning use a soap sweep or increase injection rate & foam concentration.	
Production: Pump marker sweep with nut plug to determine actual hole washout. Calculate a gauge holes bottoms up volume.	D70-
Perform a cleanup cycle by pumping 3-5 bottoms up or until the shakers are clean. Check volume of cuttings coming across	HECEIVED
the shakers every 15 minutes.	RECEIVED Office of Oil & Gas
	DEC 1.0 2015
*Note: Attach additional sheets as needed.	DEC 1 9 2013

WV Department of Environmental Protection



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Elevation KB: Target Prospect Azimuth Well Name County State 513142 (OXF156H5) Doddridge West Virgina Vertical Section 0. — 7 4 Hole Size 24" - 20" Conductor at 40" Bit Size 17.5* 500' -- 500 1,000' — 1,078' Fresh Water Base 1,154' Base Red Rock - 1,000 TOC @ Surface 13 3/8*, MC-50, 54.5# @ 1,178' ft MD Bit Size 12.375* 1,500' — - 1,500 1,654' Maxton 1,835' Big Lime 2,000' — 1,950' Big Injun - 2,000 2,119' Weir 2,334' -Gantz 2,429' -Fifty foot 2,500' — 2,526' -Thirty foot - 2,500 2,574' -Gordon 2,674' -Forth Sand 3,000' — 2,846' -Bayard 5,267' Int. csg pt - 3,000 3,211' -Warren 3,281' -Speechley 3,500' -- 3,500 3,792' -Balltown A 4,000' -4,000' 4,500' — 4,423' -Riley **-** 4,500° 4.859' -Benson - 5,000 5.000' -TOC @ Surface 9 5/8*, MC-50, 40# @ 5,267* ft MD 5,112' -Alexander Bit Size 8.5* 5,500' -— 5,500° 6,000' — 6,217' -Sonyea 6,379' -Middlesex - 6,000 KOP = 5,732' ft MD 6,430 -Genesee 10 Deg DLS 6,498' -Geneseo Land @ 7,714" it MU 6,608" ft TVD RECEIVED 5 1/2", P-110, 20/--11,634" ft MD 6,540' -Tully 6,500' — 6,565' -Hamilton - 6,500 6.583 -Marcellus 6,637' Onondaga **—** 7,000° 7.000' -DEC 1 9 2013

